



A CONTINUUM DAMAGE MODEL FOR BOLTED JOINT FAILURE PREDICTION IN FIBER-REINFORCED COMPOSITES

José Jerônimo Rabelo Faria⁽¹⁾, Alfredo Rocha de Faria⁽¹⁾, Maurício Vicente Donadon⁽¹⁾,
Sérgio Augusto Capasciutti de Oliveira⁽¹⁾, Ragnar Larsson⁽²⁾

(1) Department of Aeronautical and Mechanical Engineering, Instituto Tecnológico de Aeronáutica, Brazil

(2) Department of Industrial and Materials Science, Chalmers University, Sweden

Abstract: The present study presents a three-dimensional Continuum Damage Model (CDM) applied to failure prediction of composite bolted joints, implemented into Abaqus™/Explicit Finite Element (FE) code using a VUMAT user-subroutine. The damage model is developed on an energy-based context, enabling the prediction of failure initiation and propagation at the intralaminar level. The model is capable of predicting longitudinal, transverse and in-plane shear failure modes. Mesh independence is achieved through a damage evolution rule that accounts for the damage progression speed. Interlaminar failure mechanisms are also implemented in the model utilizing Cohesive Elements (CEs), natively available in Abaqus™. The prediction of variable mixed-mode failures is possible without the need of prior knowledge concerning the mixity ratio between delamination modes. This is achieved through the application of a single-damage variable for all delamination modes. Numerical predictions of the load-displacement behavior, as well as damage propagation and failure of single-lap bolted joints are presented and assessed through a correlative study with experimental and numerical results available in literature.

Keywords: Continuum Damage Mechanics, Explicit Finite Element Analysis, Fiber-Reinforce Composites, Bolted Joints.