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A High-Gain High-Efficiency Corporate-Fed Slot Array Antenna directly Fed by Ridge Gap Waveguide at 60-GHz

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Abstract—An 8×8 slot array with high-efficiency and corporate-fed single layer by ridge gap waveguide at 60-GHz is introduced in this paper. The manufactured antenna depicts more than 19.6% bandwidth with input reflection coefficient better than -10 dB and the aperture efficiency higher than 70% with around 26 dBi realized gain between 58 and 66 GHz.

Index Terms—Artificial Magnetic Conductor (AMC), ridge gap waveguide, high efficiency, single layer, millimeter wave and slot array antenna.

I. INTRODUCTION

Currently, the unlicensed 60-GHz frequency band has been paid lots of attention for high-speed wireless communications. For point-to-point wireless systems at 60 GHz, antennas with high-gain and wideband are required. Compared with the conventional antenna technologies in wireless links, such as reflectors, horns and lens antennas, planar array antennas have a huge advantage in millimeter waves (mmWs) because its light weight and small volume. In [1] a wideband and high efficiency corporate-fed slot array antenna based on hollow waveguide in the 60-GHz band is reported. It realizes 13.8% bandwidth with reflection less than -10 dB and 32 dBi gain in the 60-GHz band. However, its manufacturing is complicated and the fabrication cost is therefore expensive. The newly introduced gap waveguide technology [2] is a proper alternative to conventional hollow waveguide because it does not need good electrical contact between antenna components. Antennas with wideband, high gain, high efficiency characteristics at 60-GHz based on gap waveguide have been introduced [3]-[6]. All those mentioned antennas have backed-cavity layer in the middle to provide enough space for corporate-feeding network to increase the bandwidth of the antennas. On the other hand, series-fed antenna array can avoid this middle backed-cavity layer and consequently the manufacture cost is much decreased [7]-[8]. However, its bandwidth is much narrower compared to multilayer corporate distribution networks. In this paper, we will initially introduce an 8×8 high-efficiency corporate-fed single layer slot array antenna at 60-GHz. The proposed antenna is based on ridge gap waveguide technology. It merely consists of feed network layer and slot layers. Both separate layers are fabricated by Computerized Numerical Control (CNC) milling technology.

II. ANTENNA CONFIGURATION

Fig. 1. Detailed 3-D view of single-layer slot array unit cell.

The demonstration of the proposed slot array antenna is illustrated in Fig. 1. The whole structure consists of 4×4 sub-arrays, which has an effective area of $8.4 \times 8.4 \text{ mm}^2$. At the bottom layer a ridge gap waveguide corporate network feeds all sub-arrays with identical phases and amplitudes. The radius of the round radiating slots is 1.85 mm and the distances between every two slots in both lateral and vertical directions

Fig. 2. Dispersion diagram of ridge gap waveguide structure in this paper.
are 4.2 mm. The corresponding dimensions of metallic pin are very well selected to create a stopband which totally covers the target. The dispersion diagram of a metallic pin is depicted in Fig. 2.

III. SIMULATED AND MEASURED RESULTS

The manufactured slot array antenna is shown in Fig. 3. Fig. 4 (a) and (b) depict the simulated radiation patterns both in E- and H-planes at 57, 61 and 66 GHz. The measured input reflection coefficients as well as the simulated and measured gain are all illustrated in Fig. 5. The measured reflection coefficient is below -10 dB from 56 GHz to 67 GHz. The measured total aperture efficiency of the proposed antenna is high than 70% between 58 GHz and 66 GHz.

IV. CONCLUSION

In this work we have introduced a corporate-fed single layer 8×8 slot array antenna with high gain and high efficiency characteristics based on ridge gap waveguide at 60-GHz. The present antenna has merely the feed network layer and the radiating slot layer so that the fabrication cost will be reduced.

REFERENCES


