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REVIEW ARTICLE

Advances in understanding of health-promoting benefits of medicine and food homology using analysis of gut microbiota and metabolomics

Minmin Yang¹ | Tao Yan² | Meng Yu³ | Jie Kang⁴ | Ruoxi Gao² | Peng Wang² |
Yuhuan Zhang² | Huafeng Zhang^{2,5} | Lin Shi^{2,5,6} 

¹ College of Life Sciences, Shaanxi Normal University, Xi'an, China

² School of Food Engineering and Nutritional Science, Shaanxi Normal University, Xi'an, China

³ The Institute of Medicinal Plant Development, Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences and Peking Union Medical College, Beijing, China

⁴ Physical Education Institute, Shaanxi Normal University, Xi'an, China

⁵ Internatinal Joint Research Center of Shaanxi Province for Food and Health Science, Shaanxi Normal University, Xi'an, China

⁶ Department of Biology and Biological Engineering, Chalmers University of Technology, Gothenburg, Sweden

Correspondence

Lin Shi, School of food engineering and nutritional science, Shaanxi Normal University, Xi'an, China.

Email: linshi198808@snnu.edu.cn;
shlin@chalmers.se

Minmin Yang and Tao Yan contributed equally to this work.

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Abstract

The health-promoting benefits of medicine and food homology (MFH) are known for thousands of years in China. However, active compounds and biological mechanisms are unclear, greatly limiting clinical practice of MFH. The advent of gut microbiota analysis and metabolomics emerge as key tools to discover functional compounds, therapeutic targets, and mechanisms of benefits of MFH. Such studies hold great promise to promote and optimize functional efficacy and development of MFH-based products, for example, foods for daily dietary supplements or for special medical purposes. In this review, we summarized pharmacological effects of 109 species of MFH approved by the Health and Fitness Commission in 2015. Recent studies applying genome sequencing of gut microbiota and metabolomics to explain the activity of MFH in prevention and management of health consequences were extensively reviewed. We discussed the potentiality in future to decipher functional activities of MFH by applying metabolomics-based polypharmacokinetic strategy and multiomics technologies. The needs for personalized MFH recommendations and comprehensive databases have also been highlighted. This review emphasizes current achievements and challenges of the analysis of gut microbiota and metabolomics as a new avenue to understand MFH.

KEYWORDS

gut microbiota, medicine and food homology, metabolomics, multiomics technology

Abbreviations: IBD, inflammatory bowel disease; LPS, lipopolysaccharide; MFH, medicine and food homology; SCFA, short-chain fatty acid; TCMIO, a comprehensive database of traditional Chinese medicine on immuno-oncology; WEGL, water extract of *Ganoderma lucidum mycelium*

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1 | INTRODUCTION

Medicine and food homology (MFH) has been practiced for thousands of years in China. Historically, the concept of “medicine and food homology” was proposed in Huang Di Nei Jing Su Wen (475 BC–221 BC): “eating as food and administering to the patient as medication,” meaning that MFH can be scientifically and practically used as both food and medicine (Gong, Ji, Xu, Zhang, & Li, 2020; Hou & Jiang, 2013). Over the past decades, an increasing number of studies have demonstrated health-promoting effects of MFH for prevention and treatment of diseases, such as obesity, cardiovascular disease, diabetes, and several types of cancer (e.g., Cheng et al., 2019; Deng et al., 2012; Ge et al., 2018; Ren et al., 2019; Wang, Gao, et al., 2015). As of 2015, the Health and Fitness Commission has approved 109 MFH species, and Table 1 summarizes their pharmacological effects. Randomized controlled trials, animal experiments, and in vitro analysis have shown that MFH species exhibited antioxidant (Gupta, Bansal, Babu, & Maithil, 2013; Karimi et al., 2019; Yang, Yue, Runwei, & Guolin, 2010), antihyperglycemic (Camacho et al., 2015; Su, Bao, Xie, Xu, & Chen, 2020), antiaging (Wang, Huo, Liu, Yang, & Zeng, 2020), and anti-inflammatory activities (Choi, Woo, Ham, & Lee, 2017; Li, Zhang, Chen, et al., 2020; Li, Zhang, Liu, et al., 2020).

There is a vast number and wide concentration range of compounds present in MFH (Gao et al., 2019; Ji et al., 2020; Lan & Jia, 2010; Xie, Wang, et al., 2018). Advances in analytical technology have made possible characterization of hundreds of bioactive components in MFH and their nutritional value, health properties, and pharmacological effects. Among them, saponins, flavonoids, alkaloids, terpenoids, and polysaccharides are the most well-studied (see Cui, Wang, et al., 2018; Gong et al., 2019, 2020; Ji et al., 2020). Despite marked achievements in understanding MFHs, mechanisms responsible for their beneficial health effects are largely unknown. Most importantly, the traditional approach to understanding the pharmacology of a multicomponent MFH is to study the biochemical or genetic effects of a single component and gradually assemble the findings to reflect an entire picture of such a complex biosystem (Lan, Xie, & Jia, 2013). Due to the highly complex interactions associated with the targets of a diseased state, such an approach cannot accurately capture the complexity of MFH.

Recent advancements in genome sequencing technologies, for example, 16S rRNA sequencing and metagenomics, have contributed to the groundbreaking characterization of the gut microbiome and its function in host health and disease. Studies pertaining to traditional Chinese medicines, including most MFH species, have investigated the potential of gut microbiota in therapeutic effects, yielding rich information for understanding of MFH (Feng, Ao, Peng, & Yan, 2019; Yue et al., 2019). In addition, metabolomics is an emerging “omics” science that provides a comprehensive characterization of metabolites and metabolism in biological systems, which is a new frontier to uncover mechanisms of the beneficial effects of MFH (Abula et al., 2020; Kim & Kim, 2020). Of note, a metabolomics-based polypharmacokinetic strategy has been successfully applied to elucidate complex

interactions between multicomponent agents, such as Chinese traditional medicines, Chinese material medical therapy and foods, and metabolic system in relation with health outcomes (Lan & Jia, 2010; Wang, Bao, Han, Han, & Yang, 2016).

In this review, we summarized and discussed recent studies regarding genome sequencing of gut microbiota and metabolomics that have facilitated understanding of the activity of MFH in prevention and management of health, based on randomized clinical trials or animal experiments. A total of 90 studies (from 2015 to 2020) were collected from resources such as PubMed, SciFinder Scholar, and Web of Science using the following search terms: each of MFH species (Latin name and/or English name), together with metabolomics and/or intestinal microbiota (gut microbiota) (Figure 1). Only clinical trials and original articles of animal experiments published from 2015 to 2020 were included. The articles were retrieved and extensively reviewed by three independent researchers. Most studies focus on the effects of MFH on noncommunicable diseases, including cardiovascular diseases, diabetes, obesity, and certain types of cancers (Table S1). We also discussed the potential for assessing the nutritional value and personalized medication of MFH based on gut microbiota and circulating metabolome. This review aimed to provide a comprehensive overview of current achievements and challenges that need to be emphasized and addressed when using metabolome and analysis of gut microbiota as a new avenue to understand MFH.

2 | GUT MICROBIOTA AND MECHANISMS OF MFH

Accumulating evidence has proved that gut microbiota have significant activities in maintenance and improvement of health (Brial, Le Lay, Dumas, & Gauguier, 2018; Feng et al., 2019; Gurung et al., 2020). MFHs contain various compounds that belong to different chemical classes, which could interact with gut microbiota after ingestion. Several studies have shown effects of MFH on the promotion, inhibition, elimination, and/or colonization of new species of gut microbiota (Feng et al., 2019; Yue et al., 2019). Recently, studies have consistently shown that MFH may achieve their therapeutic effects by modulation of gut microbiota composition and functions, and regulation of microbiota-related metabolism (Feng et al., 2019). The effects of changes in gut microbiota have been examined mostly for diabetes and its complications, inflammatory bowel disease (IBD), depression, and several cancers (Table S1).

Specifically, *Herichium erinaceus*, a traditional edible mushroom, has been shown to alleviate IBD by regulating and improving intestinal bacteria and the immune system (Chen et al., 2017). Similarly, 2-O- β -D-glucopyranosyl-L-ascorbic acid from *Lycium barbarum* L. improved serum physiological and biochemical indicators, blocked proinflammatory cytokines, promoted the production of short-chain fatty acids (SCFAs), and modulated the composition of the gut microbiota in a rat model of IBD (Huang, Dong, et al., 2019). Zhang, Zhao, et al. (2018) demonstrated antitumor effects of polysaccharides extracted

TABLE 1 The pharmacological effects of 109 medicine and food homology species approved by the Health and Fitness Commission in 2015

Latin name	English Name	Ingredients	Health-promoting effects
<i>Eugenia caryophyllata</i> Thunb	Clove	Eugenol	Antimicrobial (Cui, Zhang, Li, & Lin, 2018)
<i>Illicium verum</i> Hook. f.	Star Anise	Phenolic compounds and flavonoid Phenolic compounds	Antimycotoxigenic (Aly, Sabry, Shaheen, & Hathout, 2016) Antioxidant activity (Aly et al., 2016; Padmashree et al., 2007) Antibacterial (Ibrahim, Mattar, Abdel-Khalek, & Azzam, 2017)
<i>Canavalia gladiata</i> (Jacq.) DC.	Sword Bean		
<i>Foeniculum vulgare</i> Mill.	Little Fennel	Essential oil	Antioxidant activity (Ahmed, Shi, Liu, & Kang, 2019) Antibacterial (Diao, Hu, Zhang, & Xu, 2014) Antidiabetic (Mostafa et al., 2015)
<i>Cirsium setosum</i> (Willd.) MB.	Common Cephalanoplos Herb		
<i>Dioscorea opposita</i> Thunb.	Chinese Yam	Polysaccharide	Antiobesity (Cheng et al., 2019) Antiaging (Wang, Huo, et al., 2020)
<i>Crataegus pinnatifida</i> Bunge	Hawthorn	Polysaccharide Organic acid and flavonoids	Hypotension (Cloud, Vilcins, & McEwen, 2019) Antiglycation (Zhu et al., 2019) Aid digestion (Wang, Lv, et al., 2019)
<i>Portulaca oleracea</i> L.	Purslane	Phenolics Flavonoids and lipopolysaccharide Polysaccharide	Antioxidant activity (Alu'datt et al., 2019) Anti-inflammation (Miao et al., 2019) Enhancing immunity (YouGuo, ZongJi, & XiaoPing, 2009) Hepatorenal protective (Seif, Madboli, Marrez, & Aboulthana, 2019)
<i>Zaocys dhumnades</i> (Cantor)	Zaocys Dhumnade		
<i>Prunus mume</i> (Sieb.) Sieb.etZuce.	Dark Plum Fruit		
<i>Chaenomeles speciosa</i> (Sweet) Nakai	Pawpaw	Heteropolysaccharide Polysaccharide Essential oil	Antitumor (Cheng et al., 2020) Antioxidant activity (Xie, Zou, & Li, 2016) Antimicrobial (Xianfei, Xiaoqiang, Shunying, & Guolin, 2007)
<i>Cannabis sativa</i> L.	Fructus Cannabis	Total flavonoid Essential oil	Antimicrobial (Frassinetti, Gabriele, Moccia, Longo, & Di Gioia, 2020) Cancer suppression (Bala, Mukherjee, Braga, & Matsabisa, 2018) Antioxidant activity (Nafis et al., 2019)
<i>Citrus aurantium</i> L. var. <i>amara</i> Engl.	Seville Orange Flower		
<i>Polygonatum odoratum</i> (Mill.) Druce	Polygonatum Odoratum	Saponin and flavonoid	Antidiabetic (Deng et al., 2012)
<i>Glycyrrhiza uralensis</i> Fisch.	Liquorice	Phenolic compounds Total flavones and licochalcone A	Antioxidant activity (Quintana et al., 2019) Antimicrobial (Quintana et al., 2019) Antihyperglycemic (Luo et al., 2019)
<i>Angelicae Dahuricae</i> Radix	Angelica Dahurica	Imperatorin Coumarins	Antiobesity (Lu et al., 2016) Fight fatty liver (Lu et al., 2016) Antioxidant activity (Bai et al., 2016) Antiproliferative (Bai et al., 2016)
<i>Ginkgo biloba</i> L.	Ginkgo	Polysaccharide, acids, ginkgol, and flavonoids Lipids or polar metabolites	Neuroprotective effects (Wang & Zhang, 2019) Cardioprotective effect (Wang, Zhang, Ren, & Dong, 2016)
<i>Dolichos lablab</i> L.	White Hyacinth Bean		
<i>Dolichos lablab</i> L.	Flos Lablab Album		

(Continues)

TABLE 1 (Continued)

Latin name	English Name	Ingredients	Health-promoting effects
<i>Dimocarpus longan</i> Lour.	Arillus Longan	Polyphenol Total phenolic compounds	Antifungal (Rangkadilok et al., 2012) Antihyperglycemic (Li et al., 2015) Antioxidant activity (Pan et al., 2008)
<i>Catsia tora</i> Linn	Semen Cassiae	Anthraquinones naphthopyrones Polysaccharide	Antidiabetic (Wang, Zhou, et al., 2019) Renoprotective effects (Wang, Zhou, et al., 2019) Antioxidant activity (Liu, Liu, Sun, Jiang, & Yan, 2014)
<i>Lilium brownie</i> F. E. Brown var. <i>viridulum</i> Baker	Lily		Antidepressant (Chi et al., 2019)
<i>Myristica fragrans</i> Houtt.	Nutmeg	Total phenolic	Antioxidant activity (Gupta et al., 2013; Su et al., 2007) Antimicrobial (Gupta et al., 2013)
<i>Cinnamomum cassia</i> Presl	Cinnamon	Essential oil Cinnamaldehyde	Anti-inflammatory (Sun et al., 2016) Antibacterial (Wang, Yang, et al., 2018) Antidiabetes (Habtemariam, 2019) Antiobesity and antiHyperglycemic (Camacho et al., 2015)
<i>Phyllanthus emblica</i> L.	Emblic Leafflower Fruit	Polyphenols Quercetin	Antioxidant activity (Li, Zhang, Chen, et al., 2020) Anti-inflammatory (Li, Zhang, Chen, et al., 2020) Antidiabetic (Srinivasan, Vijayakumar, Kothandaraman, & Palani, 2018)
<i>Citrus medica</i> L. var. <i>sarcodactylis</i> Swingle	Fingered Citron	Essential oil Polysaccharides	Antibacterial (Wang, You, et al., 2020) Antioxidant activity (Wu, Li, Tu, Yang, & Zhan, 2013)
<i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L.	Almond	Total polyphenols	Antioxidant activity (Wani et al., 2017)
<i>Hippophae rhamnoides</i> L.	Sea-Buckthorn	Polyphenols Homogalacturonan Phenolics and flavonoids Polyunsaturated fatty acids	Antioxidant activity (Radenkovs, Püssa, Juhneva-Radenkova, Anton, & Seglina, 2018) Anticancer (Wang, Gao, et al., 2015) Antiproliferation (Guo, Guo, Li, Fu, & Liu, 2017) Immunomodulatory (Suryakumar & Gupta, 2011)
<i>Euryale ferox</i> Salisb.	Semen Euryales	Glucan Polysaccharides	Antihyperglycemic (Zhang, Su, Gong, et al., 2019) Antioxidant activity (Wu et al., 2014)
<i>Zanthoxylum bungeanum</i> Maxim.	Pepper	Indole-3-lactic acid Indole-3-propionic acid Indole-3-acetic acid Indole-3-aldehyde	Antioxidant activity (Sakurai, Odamaki, & Xiao, 2019) Antibacterial (Sakurai et al., 2019) Anticancer (Sakurai et al., 2019)
<i>Vigna umbellata</i> Ohwi et Ohashi	Small Red Bean		
<i>Equus asinus</i> L.	Donkey-Hide Gelatin	Low-molecular-weight peptides	Antiphotaging (Kim, Kim, Kim, & Jang, 2018)
<i>Gallus gallus domesticus</i> Brisson	Endothelium Corneum Gigeriae Galli	Polysaccharides	Antioxidant activity (Xiong et al., 2014)
<i>Hordeum vulgare</i> L.	Hordei Fructus Germinatus	Total phenolic Total flavonoid	Antiobesity (Thatiparthi, Dodoala, Koganti, & Kvsrg, 2019)
<i>Ecklonia kurome</i> Okam.	Hordei Fructus Germinatus		
<i>Ziziphus jujuba</i> Mill.	Jujube	Polysaccharides Cyclic adenosine monophosphate	Antioxidant activity (Ji, Hou, Yan, Shi, & Liu, 2020) Immunomodulatory (Lin, Liu, Lai, et al., 2018) Antiallergy (Jiang et al., 2019)
<i>Siraitia grosvenorii</i> (Swingle.) C. Jeffrey ex A. M. Lu & Z. Y. Zhang	Momordica Grosvenori	Cucurbitane glycosides	Anti-inflammatory (Pan, Yang, Tsai, Sang, & Ho, 2009) Anticancer (Takasaki et al., 2003)
<i>Prunus japonica</i> Thunb.	Semen Pruni		
<i>Lonicera japonica</i> Thunb.	Honeysuckle	Polysaccharide HP-02 Polyphenols	Immunomodulatory (Feng et al., 2019) Treatments of fatty liver (Liu et al., 2018)

(Continues)

TABLE 1 (Continued)

Latin name	English Name	Ingredients	Health-promoting effects
<i>Canarium album</i> Raeusch.	Fructus Canarii		
<i>Houttuynia cordata</i> Thunb.	Cordate Houttuynia	Houttuynia polyphenols and volatile oils Houttuynia polyphenols and volatile oils	Anti-inflammatory (Shingnaisui, Dey, Manna, & Kalita, 2018) Antioxidant activity (Shingnaisui et al., 2018)
<i>Zingiber officinale</i> Rosc.	Ginger	Phenolics and total carotenoids Phenolic compounds	Antioxidant activity (Ghafoor et al., 2020) Prevent obesity (Wang, Li, Wang, Hu, & Chen, 2019)
<i>Hovenia dulcis</i> Thunb.	Hovenia Dulcis Thunb		Anti-inflammatory (Choi et al., 2017) Antisteatotic (Choi et al., 2017)
<i>Lycium barbarum</i> L.	Fructus Lycii	Chlorogenic acid, quercetin, kaempferol, and isorhamnetin Glycitein, quercetin, atropine, sitosterol alpha1, cycloartenol, and fucosterol Betaine	Antioxidant activity (Zhang, Chen, Yang, & Shi, 2018) Treatment of Retinitis Pigmentosa (Hou-Pan et al., 2019) Prevention of Alzheimer's disease (Ye et al., 2015)
<i>Gardenia jasminoides</i> Ellis	Gardenia		
<i>Amomum villosum</i> Lour.	Amomum Villosum	Polysaccharides	Antioxidant activity (Zhang, Li, Xiong, Jiang, & Lai, 2013)
<i>Sterculia lychnophora</i> Hance	Scaphium Scaphigerum	Polysaccharides Kaempferol-3-O-β-D-glucoside, kaempferol-3-O-D-rutinoside, and isorhamnetin-3-O-D-rutinoside Not available	Anti-inflammatory (Oppong, Li, Banahene, Fang, & Qiu, 2018) Antiobesity (Oppong et al., 2018) Antiulcer (Oppong et al., 2018)
<i>Poria cocos</i> (Schw.) Wolf	Poria Cocos	Polysaccharides Triterpenoids	Antidepressant and Immunosuppressive (Zhang, Chen, Li, Zhao, & Duan, 2018) Diuretic (Hu, Huang, Zhang, Xiao, & Jia, 2017)
<i>Citrus medica</i> L.	Citrus Medica Limonum	Essential oil Heteropolysaccharide Phenols and flavonoids	Antimicrobial (Gao, Zhong, Chen, Tang, & Guo, 2020) Immunomodulatory (Peng et al., 2019) Antioxidant activity (Menichini et al., 2011) Hypoglycemic potential (Menichini et al., 2011) Anti-inflammatory (Menichini et al., 2011)
<i>Elsholtzia ciliata</i> (Thunb.) Hyland.	Chinese Mosla Herb		
<i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch	Peach Seed		
<i>Morus alba</i> L.	Mulberry Leaf	Rutin, chlorogenic acid, Moracin NTricetin, gallic acid, and chlorogenic acid	Antiobesity (He et al., 2019) Antioxidant activity (Tu et al., 2019) Antidiabetes (Ge et al., 2018)
<i>Morus alba</i> L.	Mulberry	1-Deoxynijirimycin Phenols	Hypoglycemic (Thaipitakwong, Supasynhd, Rasmi, & Aramwit, 2020) Antineuroinflammatory (Xu, Huang, Xu, He, & Wang, 2020) Antioxidant activity (Xu et al., 2020)
<i>Citrus reticulata</i> Blanco	Vermilion	Phenolic and flavonoid	Antioxidant activity (Zhang, Yang, & Zhou, 2018)
<i>Platycodon grandiflorum</i> (Jacq.) A. DC.	Platycodon Grandiflorum	Saponin Platycodin D	Prevention of eccentric exercise-induced muscle damage (Kim, Oh, et al., 2018) Ameliorating nephrotoxicity (Kim et al., 2012)
<i>Alpinia oxyphylla</i> Miq.	Bitter Cardamon	5-Hydroxymethylfurfural Diphenylheptanes Sesquiterpenes Flavones	Antioxidant (Liu et al., 2014) Antidiarrheal effect (Wang, Zhao, et al., 2015)
<i>Nelumbo nucifera</i> Gaertn.	Folium Nelumbinis	Polysaccharides	Immunomodulatory activity (Hu et al., 2019)
<i>Raphanus sativus</i> L.	Semen Raphani	Isothiocyanates	Anticancer (Pocasap, Weerapreeyakul, Tanthanuch, & Thumanu, 2017)

(Continues)

TABLE 1 (Continued)

Latin name	English Name	Ingredients	Health-promoting effects
<i>Nelumbo nucifera</i> Gaertn.	Lotus Seed	Oligosaccharides Protein	Regulating gut microbiota (Su et al., 2019) Anti-inflammatory activity (Moon, Ahn, Oh, & Je, 2019) Antioxidant activity (Moon et al., 2019)
<i>Alpinia officinarum</i> Hance	Galangal	Polyphenols	Antimicrobial (Tang, Xu, Yagiz, Simonne, & Marshall, 2018) Antioxidant activity (Tang et al., 2018)
<i>Lophatherum gracile</i> Brongn.	Lophatherum Gracile	Flavonoids	Antiviral activity (Chen, Zhong, et al., 2019)
<i>Glycine max</i> (L.) Merr.	Fermented Soybean	Isoflavones	Antioxidant activity (Li, Zhang, Liu, et al., 2020) Anti-inflammatory activity (Li, Zhang, Liu, et al., 2020)
<i>Chrysanthemum morifolium</i> Ramat.	Chrysanthemum	Polysaccharides Phenolics	Anti-inflammatory activity (Li, Yang, et al., 2019) Antioxidant activity (Li, Yang, et al., 2019)
<i>Cichorium intybus</i> L.	Chicory	Chicoric acid Chlorogenic acid Flavonoids Phenolic acids	Antidiabetic effect (Ferrare et al., 2018) Antioxidant activity (Abbas et al., 2015)
<i>Brassica juncea</i> (L.) Czern & Coss	Brassica Juncea Czerm. Et Coss		
<i>Polygonatum kingianum</i>	Rhizoma Polygona- tum	Polysaccharides Flavonoids Phenolics	Antioxidant activity (Allen et al., 2018) Antimicrobial (Allen et al., 2018) Antidiabetes (Blacher, Levy, Tatirovsky, & Elinav, 2017)
<i>Perilla frutescens</i> (L.) Britt.	Perilla Frutescens	Lipopolysaccharides Essential oils	Anti-inflammatory (Wang, Li, et al., 2018) Antioxidant activity (Chen et al., 2020)
<i>Perilla frutescens</i> (L.) Britt.	Perilla Seed	Phenolic phytochemicals	Antioxidant (Kim & Lee, 2019) Inhibition of α -glucosidase and aldose reductase (Ha et al., 2012)
<i>Pueraria lobata</i> (Willd.) Ohwi	The Root Of Kudzu Vine	Polysaccharides	Immunomodulatory activity (Dong et al., 2019) Antioxidant activity (Cui et al., 2008)
<i>Sesamum indicum</i> L.	Semen Sesami Nigrum	Fatty acids Phytosterols	Antibacterial (Zafar et al., 2020) Neuroprotective effect (Botelho et al., 2014)
<i>Piper nigrum</i> L.	Black Pepper	Piperine Capsaicinoids	Improvements of cardiometabolic risk markers associated to Western-style diet (Sina, Nasrollahzadeh, Shokraei, Rismanchi, & Foroughi, 2018) Normalized the glucose and liver enzyme activities (Sarfray, Khaliq, Khan, & Aslam, 2017)
<i>Sophora japonica</i> L.	Sophora Flower Bud	Polysaccharides Phenolics	Prevention of UVB radiation (Li, Huang, et al., 2019) Antioxidant activity (Guo et al., 2020)
<i>Sophora japonica</i> L.	Flos Sophorae	Rutin	Antioxidant activity (Tang et al., 2019)
<i>Taraxacum mongolicum</i> Hand.-Mazz.	Dandelion	Chicoric acid	Antioxidant activity (Lis, Jedrejek, Moldoch, Stochmal, & Olas, 2019) Hemostasis (Lis et al., 2019) Anticancer (Ren et al., 2019)
<i>Apis cerana</i> Fabricius	Honey	Polyphenolics Minerals Ascorbic acid	Treatments of diabetic wounds (Chaudhary, Bag, Banerjee, Chatterjee, & Medicine, 2019) Antialcoholic effect (Guo, Deng, & Lu, 2019) Stimulating glucose uptake (Lori et al., 2019)
<i>Torreya grandis</i> Fort.	Chinese Torreya	Alkaloids Flavonoids Tannins Terpenoids Saponins	Anti-inflammatory activity (Saeed et al., 2010) Antioxidant activity (Shi et al., 2018)

(Continues)

TABLE 1 (Continued)

Latin name	English Name	Ingredients	Health-promoting effects
<i>Ziziphus jujuba</i> Mill. var. <i>spinosa</i> (Bunge) Hu ex H. F. Chou	Semen Ziziphi Spinosae	Flavonoids	Hypnotic effects (Yan et al., 2019) Antioxidant activity (Yan et al., 2020)
<i>Imperata cylindrical</i> Beauv. var. <i>major</i> (Nees) C. E. Hubb.	Fresh Rhizoma Imperatae		
<i>Phragmites communis</i> Trin.	Fresh Rehmannia Root		
<i>Agkistrodon acutus</i> (Güenther)	Pallas Pit Viper		
<i>Citrus reticulata</i> Blanco	Orange Peel	Polymethoxyflavones	Anticancer (Lu, Lee, Chu, Ho, & Sheen, 2019) Antibacterial (Amanulla & Sundaram, 2019)
<i>Mentha haplocalyx</i> Briq.	Mentha Haplocalyx	Polysaccharides	Antiaging activities (Jiang et al., 2020) Antioxidant activity (Chen, Fang, et al., 2019)
<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i> L. var. <i>mayuen.</i> (Roman.) Stapf	Coix Seed	Polysaccharides	Anticancer (Qu et al., 2016)
<i>Allium macrostemon</i> Bunge.	Allium Macrostemon	Macrostemonoside A	Antidepressant-like activity (Lee et al., 2010) Treatments of hyperglycemia and hyperlipidemia and visceral obesity (Xie et al., 2008)
<i>Rubus chingii</i> Hu	Raspberry	Pelargonidin-3-O-glucoside	Antidiabetes (Su, Bao, et al., 2020) Improving lipid metabolism (Kowalska, Olejnik, Zielińska-Wasielica, & Olkiewicz, 2019)
<i>Pogostemon cablin</i> (Blanco) Benth.	Wrinkled Giant hyssop Herb	Flavonoids Phenolics	Xanthine oxidase inhibitory activities (Liu, Deng, et al., 2017) Anti-inflammatory activity (Wu et al., 2018)
<i>Panax ginseng</i> C. A. Mey	Ginseng	Sapogenins Polysaccharides	Antiobesity (Lin, Lee, et al., 2019) Hypoglycemic, anti-inflammatory, and lipid-lowering effect (Xu et al., 2019)
<i>Flos Lonicerae</i> Confusae	Wild Honeysuckle Flower Bud	Polyphenols	Antioxidant activity (Xie et al., 2019)
<i>Coriandrum sativum</i> L.	Cilantro	Phenolics	Antioxidant activity (Wong & Kitts, 2006) Antibacterial (Wong & Kitts, 2006)
<i>Rosa rugosa</i> Thunb or <i>Rose rugosa</i> cv. Plena	Rugosa Rose	Polyphenols	Antidiabetes (Liu, Tang, Zhao, Xin, & Aisa, 2017) Antihypertensive activity (Xie & Zhang, 2012)
<i>Pinus massoniana</i> Lamb.	Pini Pollen	Polysaccharides	Preventing <i>P. mirabilis</i> infection (Zhou et al., 2017)
<i>Pueraria thomsonii</i> Benth.	Puerariae Thomsonii Radix.	Isoflavonoids Daidzein Genistein	Antidiabetes (Wong, Razmovski-Naumovski, Li, Li, & Chan, 2015) Treatment of Parkinson's disease (Lin et al., 2010)
<i>Microcos paniculata</i> L.	Microctis Folium	Flavonoids	Anti-inflammatory activity (Li, He, et al., 2018)
<i>Prunella vulgaris</i> L.	Prunellae Spica	Polysaccharides Phenolics Flavonoids	Antiviral effect (Ma et al., 2016) Hepatoprotective activity (Ahmad et al., 2020)
<i>Angelica sinensis</i> (Oliv.) Diels	Angelicae Sinensis Radix	Volatile oils Polysaccharides	Anti-inflammatory activity (Zhong et al., 2016) Blood-replenishing (Tao, Hong-Guo, Yong-Li, Peng-Ling, & Yan-Ming, 2016)
<i>Kaempferia galanga</i> L.	Galanga Resurrectionlily Rhizome	Diarylheptanoids Phenolics Total flavonoid content	Anti-inflammatory (Yao, Huang, Wang, & He, 2018) Antioxidant activity (Ali, Yesmin, Satter, Habib, & Yeasmin, 2018) Antineoplastic activities (Ali et al., 2018)
<i>Crocus sativus</i> L.	Crocus Sativus	Phenolics	Antidiabetes (Karimi-Nazari et al., 2019) Antioxidant activity and enzyme inhibitory activities (Menghini et al., 2018)
<i>Amomum tsao-ko</i> Crevost et Lemaire	Fructus Tsaoko	Essential oil	Antibacterial (Min, Cheng, & Fenghui, 2016) Antioxidant activity (Yang et al., 2010)

(Continues)

TABLE 1 (Continued)

Latin name	English Name	Ingredients	Health-promoting effects
<i>Curcuma longa</i> L.	Turmeric	Curcuminoids	Antioxidant activity (Karimi et al., 2019) Antimicrobial (Karimi et al., 2019) Anticancer (Zhou et al., 2019)
<i>Piper longum</i> L.	Fructus Piperis Longi	Piperine	Neuroprotective effects (Peng et al., 2019) Anti-inflammatory activity (Wang et al., 2017)
<i>Codonopsis pilosula</i> (Franch.) Nannf.	Codonopsis Radix	Tryptophan Syringin, Tangshenoside I Codonopyrrolidinium A Lobetyolin	Hematopoietic and improving immunologic functions (Gao et al., 2019)
<i>Cistanches Herba</i>	Desertliving Cistanche Herb	Phenylethanoid glycosides Cistanche polysaccharides	Improving immune function (Tian, Li, Bai, Wu, & Wei, 2019), improvements of the gut microbiota diversity (Fu et al., 2020)
<i>Dendrobium officinale</i> Kimura et Migo	Herba Dendrodii Officinalis	Polysaccharides	Immunomodulatory (Tao et al., 2019) Antidiabetes (Liu, Yang, et al., 2020)
<i>Panax Quinquefolii</i> Radix	American Genseng	Panax quinquefolium saponin	Anti-inflammatory (Xie, Chen, et al., 2018) Treating acute central nervous system injury (Dou, Chen, Ran, & Jiang, 2018)
<i>Astragali Radix</i>	Milkvetch Root	Sucrose fatty acid esters Polysaccharide	Anti-inflammatory activity (Li et al., 2013) Antidiabetes (Liu et al., 2019)
<i>Ganoderma</i>	Ganoderma Lucidum	Lanostane triterpenoids	Anti-inflammatory activity (Su, Peng, et al., 2020) Antibacterial activities (Ghafoor et al., 2020) Antiobesity (Diling et al., 2020)
<i>Gastrodia elata</i> Bl.	Gastrodiae Rhizoma	Compounds of high polarity	Anti-inflammatory activity (Xu et al., 2020) Antioxidant activities (Xu et al., 2020)
<i>Cornus officinale</i> Sieb. et Zucc	Dogwood	Polyphenols	Anti-inflammatory activity (David et al., 2020)
<i>Folium eucommiae</i>	Eucommia Ulmoides Leaf	Chlorogenic acid Geniposidic acid Aucubin	Treatments of photoimmunosuppression (Hiramoto, Yamate, Hirata, & Fujikawa, 2018), prevention of vascular disease (Lee et al., 2018)

from *Glycyrrhiza uralensis*, which could be explained by modulation of the gut microbiota composition, that is, a remarkable increase in the genus *Lachnospiraceae_UCG_001*, *Enterorhabdus*, *Odoribacter*, *Enterococcus*, and *Ruminiclostridium_5*. Moreover, Ginseng (Knight et al., 2018), *Polygonatum kingianum* (Yan et al., 2017), Mulberry (Chen et al., 2018), and *Alpinia oxyphylla* Miq. (Xie, Xiao, et al., 2018) have alleviated diabetes in animal models by modulating gut microbiota (Table S1). Although distinct molecular pathways involved in the health benefits of MFH have not been identified, associations between MFH-induced alterations of relative abundances of gut microbiota and improvements in clinical parameters (i.e., anthropological measurements and blood biochemical indicators) have been consistently observed. These findings further indicate that MFH may prevent or mitigate diseases by interacting with gut microbiota, particularly by influencing the composition of gut microbiota and/or regulating their metabolism (Feng et al., 2019).

Interactions between gut microbiota and MFH undoubtedly contribute to variations in both microbiota composition and the levels of metabolites produced by gut microbiota. Many gut microbiota-derived metabolites have been identified, such as lipopolysaccharide (LPS), SCFAs, bile acids, choline metabolites, organic acids, indole derivatives, and several species of lipids. Of note, these metabolites often

exert extensive effects on the host, thereby producing the therapeutic effects of MFH. For instance, Yan et al. (2017) reported that total saponins and total polysaccharides extracted from *Polygonatum kingianum* improved fasting blood glucose, fasting insulin, body weight, and LPS. Improvements of these parameters correlated with alterations in the relative abundance of gut microbiota and SCFAs in a rat model of type 2 diabetes. Zeng et al. (2017) found that, in mice, Lotus seed resistant starch type 3 enhanced production of SCFAs and intestinal absorption of calcium, magnesium, and iron by regulating gut microbiota.

It should be noted that most bioactive compounds in MFH often exhibit poor bioavailability (Feng et al., 2019; Lin, Luo, et al., 2019). The gut microbiota could be one of the main ways in which herbal medicines act on human health through reshaping the microbial structure and/or processing the herbal ingredients to form bioactive metabolites (Chen et al., 2016). For instance, ginsenosides are a series of active constituents in *Panax ginseng*. However, orally, the bioavailability of ginsenosides is usually around 0.1% to 0.5% of amount administered. Interestingly, certain gut microbiota such as *Bacteroides*, *Bifidobacterium*, *Eubacterium*, *Prevotella oris*, and *Fusobacterium* can metabolize ginsenosides and generate new compounds with health-promoting effects and dramatically improved bioavailability, for example,

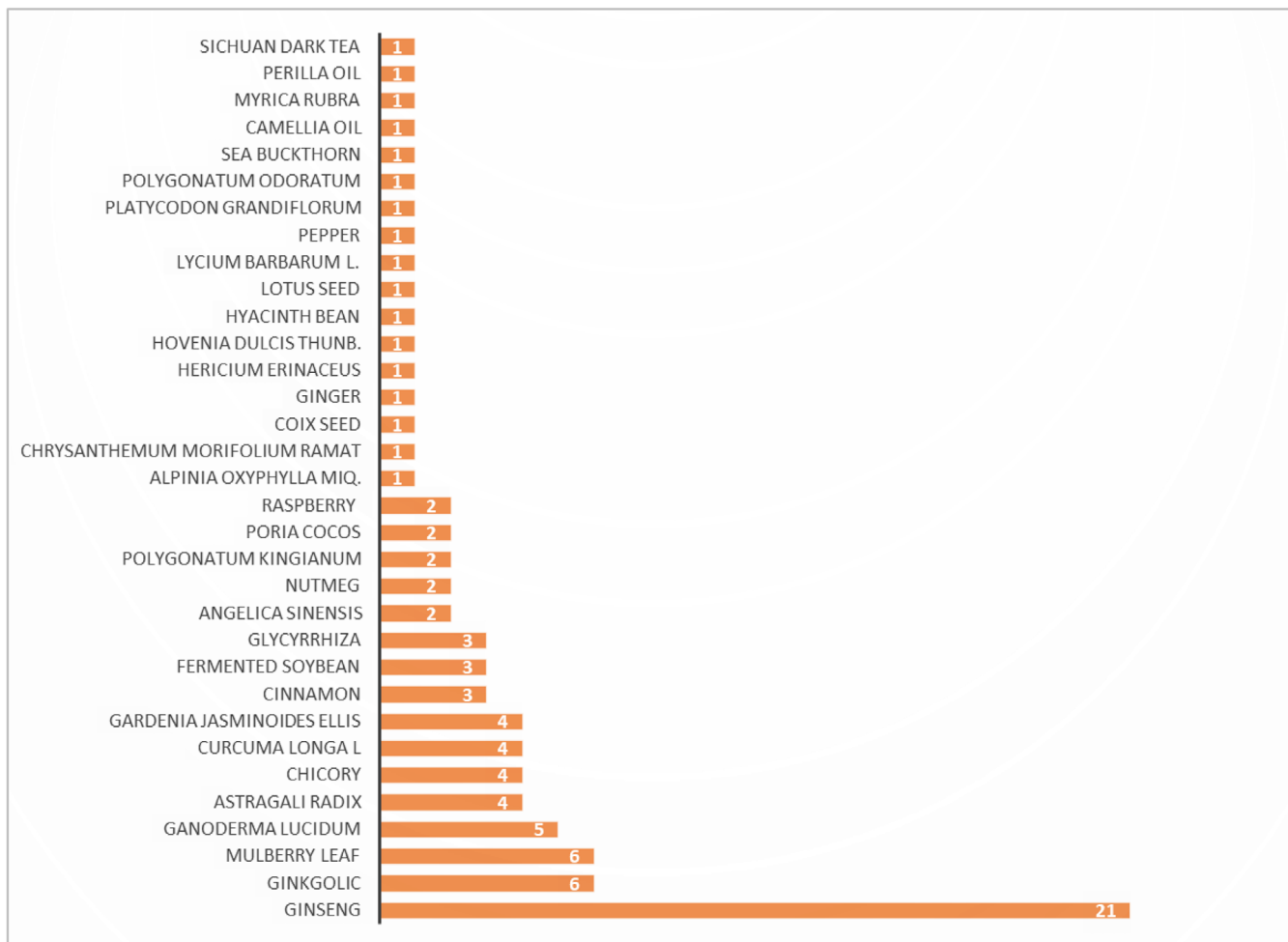


FIGURE 1 A summary of 90 studies that investigated effects of medicine and food homology using metabolomics and/or analysis of gut microbiota from 2015 to 2020

20-O-(b-D-glucopyranosyl)-20(S)-protopanaxadiol. Moreover, polyphenols are active compounds that are abundant in MFH, but polyphenol bioavailability is less than 10%. The gut microbiota influences polyphenol bioavailability by modifying the structures of aglycones, glycosides, and conjugates. As a consequence, polyphenols are converted to catabolites, which may be nonnegligible contributors to the health effects of parental polyphenols (Clavel & Mapesa, 2013; Kawabata, Yoshioka, & Terao, 2019; Pino et al., 2000; Teng & Chen, 2019; Yen-Ling et al., 2006). Besides, intestinal bacteria has been highlighted to possess distinct polysaccharide preferences and polysaccharides may favor the growth of specific bacterial species (Koropatkin, Cameron, & Martens, 2012). It has been shown that the water extract of *Ganoderma lucidum mycelium* (WEGL) and its high-molecular-weight polysaccharides may be used as prebiotics to reduce body weight gain, chronic inflammation, and insulin resistance in obese individuals (Chang et al., 2015). The beneficial effects induced by WEGL may be attributed to specific alterations in the gut microbiota, leading to an improved bioavailability by interacting with gut microbiota. Characteristics of typical MFH compounds, such as saponins, flavonoids, sennoside, and rhapontin and their corresponding microbial metabo-

lites have been summarized and discussed elsewhere (Lin, Luo, et al., 2019).

In sum, the health-promoting effects of MFH could be attributed to their direct effects on gut microbiota composition and on the levels and bioavailability of beneficial metabolites or catabolic products produced by gut microbiota. However, most of the active components in MFH are not well-defined and their functional activities have not been confirmed. Moreover, knowledge regarding microbial metabolites of bioactive MFH compounds is extremely limited. More studies are warranted to investigate molecular interactions between MFH and gut microbiota to understand benefits of MFH.

3 | METABOLOMICS AND MECHANISMS OF MFH

Beneficial effects of MFH have been studied for many years and interest in MFH is growing worldwide. Large effects have been paid to isolate and characterize for single bioactive compounds and to test their nutritional and clinical value individually (Wang et al., 2005; Wu et al., 2012). Although such approach has been done over decades

with great success, the synergetic effects of complex components of MFH on holistic perturbations in relation to health and disease status were largely unexplored (Commisso, Strazzer, Toffali, Stocchero, & Guzzo, 2013; Wang et al., 2011). Metabolomics represents a global understanding of the metabolite complement of living systems and dynamic responses to changes in endogenous and exogenous factors, which opens up the possibility to explore impacts of the multicomponent mixtures and their complex interactions on biological systems in a holistic manner (Hu & Xu, 2014; Lan & Jia, 2010; Shi et al., 2016). By effectively characterizing biochemical phenotype of MFH, in particular, low-molecular-weight metabolic intermediates and end products of metabolism, including primary metabolites, for example, sugars, amino acids, fatty acids, and organic acids and secondary metabolites, for example, phenylpropanoids and alkaloids, metabolomics not only aids in identifying the chemical constituents of MFH and screening the active components, but also evaluates their efficacy, and determine mechanisms of MFH's health-promoting effects (Hu & Xu, 2014; Li, Liu, et al., 2018; Song, Zhang, Yan, Liu, & Wang, 2017; Wang et al., 2011; Wang, Zhu, et al., 2019; Xie, Wang, et al., 2018). In the preceding 5 years, there have been 65 investigations that used high-throughput metabolite profiling technology to characterize the effects of MFH on disease prevention and treatment (Table S1).

Specifically, the mulberry leaf is widely recognized for its therapeutic effect on diabetes and its complications; however, the mechanism is unknown. Using metabolomics, investigators have shown that protective effects of mulberry leaf might be related to the regulation of insulin receptor and TGF- β /Smads signaling pathway (Zhang, Su, Zhu, et al., 2019), influences on lipid metabolism, amino acid metabolism, and glucose metabolism that are involved in the pathogenesis of diabetes (Hu, Thakur, et al., 2017), and modulation of glycometabolism (Wen, Lin, Dong, & Deng, 2016). Moreover, in the toxicity study of *Tripterygium wilfordii*, Chen et al. (2008) used mass spectrometry-based metabolomics to study the changes of rat urine metabolome caused by *Tripterygium* glycosides and for the first time showed the time-dependent toxicity of high-dose *Tripterygium wilfordii* glycosides, leading to negative impacts-involved energy metabolism and choline metabolism. Furthermore, several studies investigated wide range of therapeutic and pharmacological effects of ginseng that were produced by the ginseng rather than from an isolated compound, and also studied certain metabolic pathways related with health status (Feng, Yue, et al., 2016; Lin, Liu, Pi, et al., 2018; Lin, Lee, et al., 2019; Wang, Zhu, et al., 2019; Wu et al., 2012; Yang et al., 2016). Such investigations help to elucidate chemical bases to assure the efficacy and quality of ginsengs. For instance, most of animal metabolomic studies have investigated effects of ginseng, Panax ginseng, and American ginseng (Table S1). Ginseng beneficially affects circulating metabolites in different metabolic pathways, such as bile acids, amino acids, lipids, and phytosphingosine (Feng, Liu, et al., 2016; Feng, Yue, et al., 2016; Li, Liu, et al., 2018; Lin, Liu, Pi, et al., 2018; Lin et al., 2016; Tao et al., 2019; Wang, Zhu, et al., 2019; Zhu et al., 2015), which may partly explain the mechanism of therapeutic effects of ginsengs on Alzheimer's disease, stress, TNBS-induced colitis, cognitive impairment, and cisplatin nephrotoxicity. Of note, the dried leaf of *Platycodon grandiflorum* is known for its anti-inflammatory

and antioxidative activities. Wang, Lin, et al. (2019) for the first time investigated the antidepressant-like effects of *Platycodins Folium* and its potential mechanism in attenuating depression in a mouse model of LPS-induced depression. *Platycodins Folium* improved metabolisms of lipids, amino acids, energy, arachidonic acid, glutathione, and inositol phosphate, which were associated with a therapeutic effect on depression.

Most interestingly, there are only a few studies that have combined metabolomics with analysis of gut microbiota to examine the metabolic characteristics of MFH and reveal their probably activities in disease prevention and treatment (Table S1). The integration of metabolomics and gut microbiota (mainly taxonomic information) is an excellent tool to explain the complex interaction between host and gut microbiota at a system level and to screen microorganisms and bioactive compounds responsible for therapeutic effects of MFH. For instance, by combining intestinal community modulation and metabolite analysis, Li, Liu, Liu, Liao, and Zou (2019) found that different components of mulberry leaves (i.e., crude powder, mulberry leaf fiber, and mulberry leaf polyphenols) promoted weight loss by reducing the relative abundance of lachnespiraceae, bacillus, lactobacillales, lactobacillus, and lactobacillus_gasseri species, which improved lipid profiles. Wang, Yu, et al. (2016) found that American Ginseng alleviated colitis and colorectal cancer induced by azoxymethane/dextran sulfate sodium by the joint study of metabolomics and intestinal microflora. By integrating gut microbiota and bile acids in serum and feces, Huang, Zheng, et al. (2019) shed light on the mechanisms behind the cholesterol- and lipid-lowering effects of Pu-erh tea, a famous traditional Chinese tea prepared by microbial fermentation of fresh *Camellia sinensis* leaves. This study for the first time demonstrated the mechanistic link between theabrownin, the characteristic component of Pu-erh tea, and changes in the gut microbiota, FXR signaling, and bile acids synthesis in the modulation of cholesterol levels in serum and liver. Zhou et al. (2016) studied beneficial effects of ginseng polysaccharides and ginsenosides in Du-Shen-Tang, the decoction of ginseng, on over-fatigue and acute cold stress by analyzing gut microbiota and metabolome. Results showed that ginseng polysaccharides improved intestinal metabolism and reinstated the perturbed holistic gut microbiota. Li, Shi, et al. (2019) evaluated the effects of Yi Nian Kang Bao tea, a medicine-food formulation based on Sichuan dark tea, on dyslipidemia and investigated the mechanism underlying its correlation with gut microbiota and serum metabolite regulation. Their findings highlight the health-promoting effects of Yi Nian Kang Bao tea on prevention of dyslipidemia. Moreover, integrating gut microbiota analysis and metabolomics revealed molecular mechanisms of the benefits of polysaccharides from *Aralia elata* root barks for the treatment of some hepatic disorders through decreasing the inflammatory markers in liver (Xia, Wang, Yu, Liang, & Kuang, 2019).

In conclusion, metabolomics has shown irreplaceable potentials to improve understanding diseases and to explore the function and essence of MFH constitutes, thereby providing a unique perspective for elucidating the action mechanism of MFH. Although thousands of years of observing the health benefits of MFH and modern clinical research have proven the efficacy of MFH, obscurity of the functions

and potential therapeutic targets are the main limitations for clinical practice. Further research and development are still required to elucidate the underlying mechanism of action.

4 | PERSPECTIVES FOR THE FUTURE

4.1 | Application of polypharmacokinetic strategy to MFH

Because MFH contains hundreds of chemical components that coexist and, likely, interactions, it may be necessary to establish an MFH research model that uses a metabolomics-based polypharmacokinetic strategy (Xie, Wang, et al., 2018). A polypharmacokinetic study for complex exposures, that is, MFH, integrates phytochemical and metabolomics to simultaneously identify and characterize “what are absorbed (the bioavailable phytochemical compounds)” and “what are produced (the new compounds produced through biotransformation)” and a time-dependent response of biochemical substances should be captured. By using advanced multivariate statistics and bioinformatics to compare a disease-model profile with the intervention-response profile, investigators can reveal the influence of MFH substances on the metabolic network of organisms from a holistic perspective, providing comprehensive insights in molecular mechanism of nutritional and therapeutic efficacy of MFH. Such an approach could greatly accelerate the pharmacological evaluation of core functional compounds and advance therapeutic development (Jia, Fan, Wang, & Xie, 2015; Lan et al., 2013; Xie, Wang, et al., 2018; Zhang, Xiao, et al., 2018).

The polypharmacokinetic strategy has been successfully used in studies of traditional Chinese medicine and formulas, and it has led to several promising achievements. Specifically, Xie, Wang, et al. (2018) characterized the time-dependent concentration profiles of bioavailable compounds of Huangqi decoction consisting of *Radix Astragali* and *Radix Glycyrrhizae*, secondary metabolite profiles in plasma, and the dynamic changes of metabolic endpoints in healthy Chinese volunteers. Findings revealed the relationships between multiple compounds of Huangqi decoction, their corresponding metabolites, and their effects on metabolism, providing unprecedented understanding of the mechanisms of action of Huangqi decoction. Very recently, Wang, Li, Tao, et al. (2019) performed pharmacokinetic evaluation of rats after oral administration of eight constituents in Yuanhu Zhitong tablets (Ping et al., 2019) or Yuanhu Zhitong prescription (i.e., a commonly used clinical herb preparation recorded in the China Pharmacopoeia for the treatment of stomach pain, hypochondriac pain, headache, and dysmenorrhea), *Corydalis yanhusuo*, and *Angelica dahurica* (Hoffm.).

To the best of our knowledge, there is a lack of research on the absorption, distribution, and metabolism of multicomponents of MFH. Metabolomics-based pharmacokinetic profiling of MFH and their products enables clarification of metabolic processes and better understanding of associated nutritional value and therapeutic mechanisms. It integrates phytochemical and metabolomic profiling

to simultaneously monitor the pharmacokinetic behaviors of multiple constituents. However, challenges lie predominately in the fact that MFH comprises a large number of complex constituents with diverse chemical structures that are present in a wide concentration range. Chemical characteristics and the ADME system (i.e., absorption, distribution, metabolism, and excretion) of constituents should be both considered. The limited use of this state-of-the-art profiling technique may be due to the major investment in analytical equipment, methods, and availability of analytical standards required for its implementation that could simultaneously and precisely generate information on exposure and corresponding absorbed constituents. Comprehensive databases for metabolite identification are also urgently needed to be developed. Moreover, the lack of user-friendly and robust statistical methods that could deal with multivariate time-series and high-dimension datasets limits the application of pharmacokinetic profiling, which need to be overcome.

4.2 | Application of multiomics-based randomized controlled trials

Despite great achievements in investigating benefits of MFH, most evidence is from animal studies. Randomized controlled trials are the gold standard for assessing efficacy of drugs in humans. However, evidence from randomized controlled trials of health-promoting effects of MFH is extremely limited and prior studies, unfortunately, had limited sample sizes, short intervention periods, and a lack of dose information. For instance, Mohammadi et al. (2019) conducted a systematic search of all available randomized controlled trials up to June 2018 to evaluate the efficacy of ginseng on serum inflammatory biomarkers. Only seven studies existed, and the findings were not robust, which highlighted a need for long-term dose-escalating trials. Phimarn, Wichaiyo, Silpsavikul, Sunthong, and Saramunee (2017) performed a meta-analysis of 13 studies to assess efficacy of Mulberry on improvements in blood glucose and lipid profiles. However, several studies in this group were composed of a small number of participants, thus, they lacked statistical power.

The advent of -omics technologies (i.e., genomics, transcriptomics, proteomics, and metabolomics) in the preceding two decades has improved understanding of the interplay between MFH and health, an outcome that has attracted attention worldwide. Rational integration and scientific analysis of multiple omics technologies, together with network pharmacology and bioinformatics, reveal the material basis and mechanism of MFH efficacy from a systems-wide perspective (Lin et al., 2012). Especially, integration of metagenomic and metabolomic data shows great potential to uncover the intricate relationship between key functional gut microbiota and MFH and endogenous co-metabolites of biological importance (Feng, Gao, Meng, Xue, & Qin, 2020; Li, Liu, et al., 2019; Wang, Yu, et al., 2016). Pan et al. (2019) integrated gene targets and metabolomics data, and pathway analysis revealed significant associations between metabolism of pyruvate, purine, and glucose with the effects of Guan-Jie-Kang, a prescription modified from a traditional Chinese medicine

“Wu Tou Decoction,” in arthritis treatment, elucidating multi-pathway mechanisms.

In summary, multiomics-based randomized controlled trials can provide fundamental information to seek leads for discovery of nutritional and therapeutic targets (Yang & Lao, 2019), direct future studies to manipulate specific gut microbiota and target defined microbial pathways, and to promote and optimize functional efficacy and development of MFH-based products, for example, foods for special medical purposes and daily dietary supplements. Thus, future efforts will require an integrated/holistic multiomics approach to decipher the biology and activities of MFH.

However, it is worth mentioning that suggested mechanisms from -omics studies should be confirmed with other experiments. It is also important to be aware that the key immediate challenge is how to develop the standardized methodological and analytical workflows for these multiomics platforms. Importantly, although animal studies can definitely provide comprehensive information that is not able to be provided by in vitro studies or computer modeling, such as biological mechanisms underlying functional effects, the translatability of observed findings from animal studies to humans is always a substantial challenge. The differences in the pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic phases between human and animal models could inevitably lead to some degree of error in extrapolation of findings regardless of the dose conversion method used (Wojcikowski & Gobe, 2014). However, MFH species have been practiced for thousands of years. The traditional use and documented prescriptions of pharmacopoeia of the People's Republic prescription deserve to be tested.

4.3 | Personalized MFH recommendations

It is of great interest to have a holistic picture of the plasticity and individual variability in response to the administration of MFH. This information would facilitate personalized, precise recommendations as a complement to the general “one-fits-all” population-based advice. Given the large individual variation in physical and psychological response to environmental factors, a detailed metabolic profile could help to identify people who can benefit more from a specific MFH intervention adapted to their genotype and phenotype. This phenomenon has also been seen in randomized controlled trails that investigated effect of diet, another important modifiable lifestyle factor in health outcomes (Palmnas et al., 2020). Variations in gut microbiota composition and function have been suggested as a key determinant of differential responses to Chinese herbs, traditional Chinese medicine formula (Yue et al., 2019), and daily meals (Palmnas et al., 2020; Shukla, Murali, & Brilliant, 2015; Zmora, Zeevi, Korem, Segal, & Elinav, 2016). Individual variations in gut microbiota at baseline significantly influence the anti-obesogenic effects and the metabolism of ginsenosides (Dong et al., 2017; Song, Kim, & Kim, 2014). Similarly, Peterson et al. (2018) found that the gut microbiota response to curcumin, a phenolic compound mainly isolated from the pleiotropic herb *Curcuma longa* L., was highly personalized, leading to responders and nonresponders who exhibited response concordance in a double-blind, randomized,

placebo-controlled trial. However, these findings need to be validated in large-scale studies.

During the preceding 3 years, grouping individuals based on similarities in metabolic phenotype, that is, metabolotypes, has been a novel concept that has attracted worldwide attention for improved prevention and management of noncommunicable chronic diseases (Palmnas et al., 2020). Randomized controlled trials that evaluate metabolotype-specific responses are a fundamental step required to bridge the current gap of knowledge with regard to the efficacy of MFH strategies. Advances in high-throughput metabolomics technology and rapid development of bioinformatics enable us to extract differences and similarities in complex and high-dimension metabolomics data, which we are extensively working on (Ghafoor et al., 2020; Palmnas et al., 2020; Riedl, Gieger, Hauner, Daniel, & Linseisen, 2017; Shi et al., 2019; Shi, Brunius, Johansson, et al., 2018; Shi, Brunius, Lehtonen, et al., 2018).

Although promising, it is noteworthy that achieving accurate quantitation of food and nutrient consumption is still challenging (Maruvada et al., 2020), which hinders our investigation on nutrient status across diverse populations. Moreover, important points need to be stressed in order to achieve comparable results between studies. For instance, because postprandial time, habitual dietary pattern, and frequency of participating training session affect an individual's metabolic characteristics, the standardized documentations for those information are certainly required prior to collection of biological samples at rest and pre-exercise. Investigators must take replicate samples and/or intra-experiments to evaluate the reproducibility of metabolite measurements and to determine the true magnitude of intervention effects in relation to measurement errors.

4.4 | Comprehensive databases

Implementation of network and web-based databases could facilitate assessing the effects of MFH on health and point to likely mechanisms to accelerate development of MFH-inspired products with nutritional and therapeutic value. Although there are no databases specifically for MFH, several databases include information on traditional Chinese medicine that could be used as substitutes. The Traditional Chinese Medicine Database has over 400 species of Chinese herbs, including some MFH, and chemical structures for 37,170 compounds (Chen, 2011). The TCMGeneDIT database and Traditional Chinese Medicines Integrated Database include information of Chinese medicine, targeted genes, associated diseases, and pharmacological effects. BATMAN-TCM is a bioinformatics analysis tool specially designed for research of molecular mechanisms (Liu et al., 2016). It could be used for ingredient target prediction, functional analyses of targets including biological pathway, Gene Ontology and disease enrichment analyses, the visualization of ingredient-target-pathway/disease association network, and KEGG biological pathway with highlighted targets. FooDB (<http://www.foodb.ca/>) is the world's largest and most comprehensive information resource that provides information on food constituents and their potential biological functions (Wishart, 2018). It provides information on both macronutrients and micronutrients,

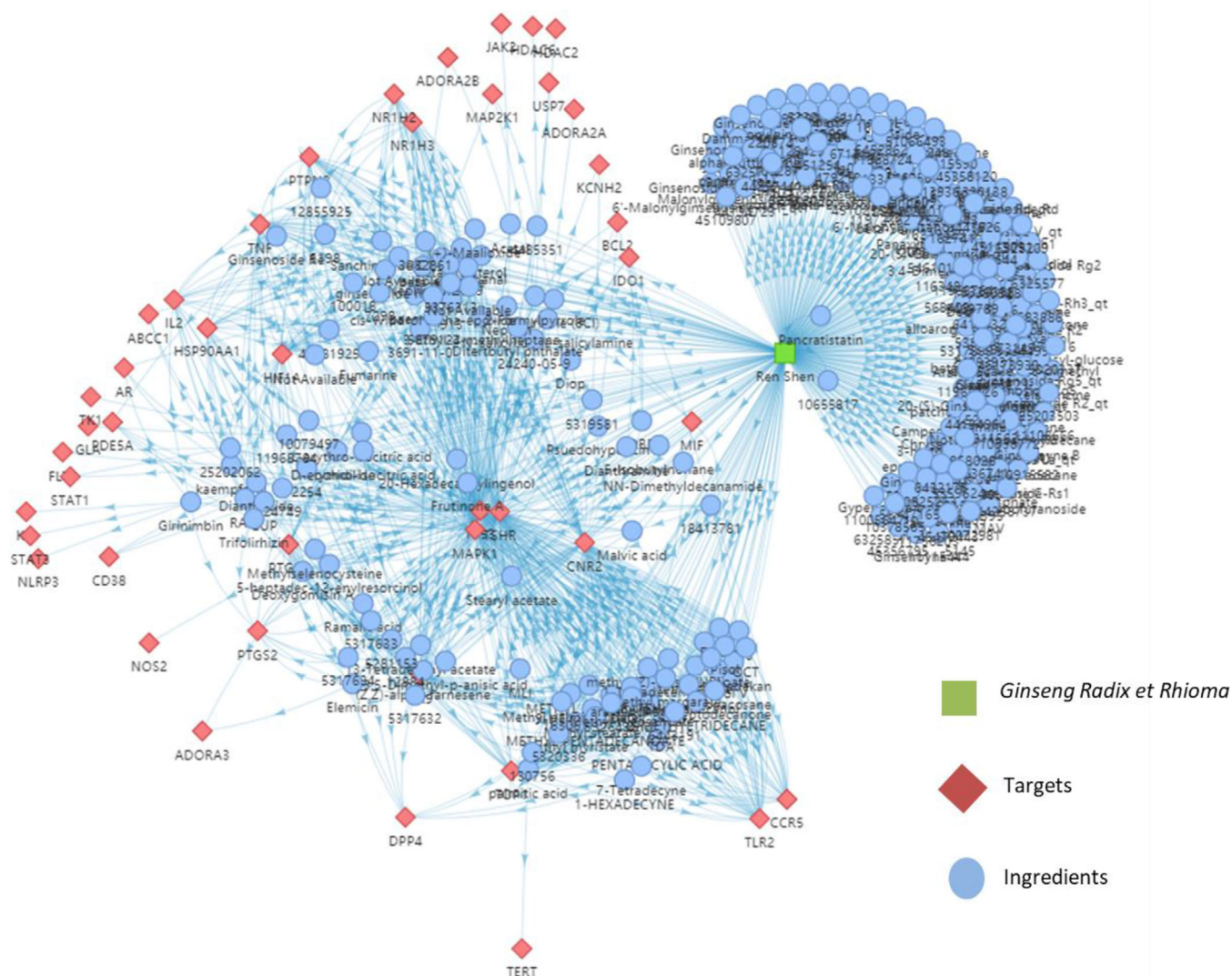


FIGURE 2 The *Ginseng Radix et Rhizoma*-ingredient–target network for the mechanism of action exploration. The network consists of 367 interactions connecting 324 ingredients and 43 protein targets involved in multiple metabolisms

as well as data on the compound's physiological and presumptive health effects that are summarized from published studies. FlavorDB (<http://cosylab.iitd.edu.in/flavordb>) is a database of flavor molecules (Garg et al., 2018), which comprises of 25,595 flavor molecules representing an array of tastes and odors. It provides dynamic, user-friendly interface of the resource and facilitates exploration of flavor molecules and improved understanding of flavor mechanisms in relation to their nutritional values.

A promising achievement is the development of TCMIO, a comprehensive database of traditional Chinese medicine on immuno-oncology (Liu, Cai, et al., 2020). This database includes 400 immuno-oncology targets, 1,493 prescriptions extracted from the Chinese Pharmacopoeia, 618 species of Chinese herbs, 13,403 prescription-traditional Chinese medicine relations extracted from the Chinese Pharmacopoeia, 126,972 small-molecule ligands against immuno-oncology targets, 16,437 ingredients of traditional Chinese medicine, 32,847 medicine species-ingredient relations, 41,527 ingredient-immuno-

oncology targets relations based on network prediction, and 157,195 ligand-targets relations. Along with chemical and bioinformatics mining tools, this database is a comprehensive resource for research on mechanisms of Chinese medicine, particularly for cancer immunity and development of cancer immunotherapy drugs. For instance, the ingredient-target network of *Ginseng Radix et Rhizoma* constructed by TCMIO consists of 367 interactions connecting 324 ingredients (e.g., pisol, 9-hexadecenoic acid, methyl myristate, pentadecylic acid, methyl linoleate, and panaxynol) and 43 protein targets (Figure 2). The high correlativity between *Ginseng Radix et Rhizoma*. and pathways in cancer, central carbon metabolism in cancer, sphingolipid signaling pathway, and IBD (Benjamini adjusted $p < .05$) has been revealed by KEGG enrichment analysis (Table S2). Results indicate the multiple metabolism pathways that may be mediated by *Ginseng Radix et Rhizoma*. We urgently need network and web-based databases that include species of MFH and their biological activities, such as TCMIO and other user-friendly web-based databases.

In addition, oral administration of MFH leads to perturbations of hundreds, even thousands, of endogenous molecules that vary widely in stability and concentration. The current databases commonly store hundreds of metabolites, but they are limited when it comes to determining MFH-induced alterations in the metabolome of a complex biological system. Therefore, it is essential to expand databases for metabolites and overcome the obstacle to identification of metabolites in complex biological mixtures.

5 | CONCLUSIONS

MFH has been used for thousands of years; however, mechanisms of their health-promoting effects are largely unknown. Obscure functions and unclear therapeutic targets are the main limitations for clinical practice of MFH. Advances in genome sequencing technologies, for example, 16S rRNA sequencing and metagenomics, and metabolomics have yielded rich information for better understanding of the activities of MFH in host health. Up to now, among 109 MFH species approved by the Health and Fitness Commission, a large number of MFH has, however, not been investigated by state-of-the-art high-throughput omics technologies. Moreover, existing evidence is based on animal models, and randomized controlled trials with different populations are required to determine the true effects of MFH in humans. Most importantly, future researches are urgently required to investigate multi-components of MFH using polypharmacokinetic strategy, decipher the biology and functional activities of MFH using multiomics technology, identify personalized responses to MFH and key determinants, and to develop comprehensive databases. Focusing on these aspects will help identify the pharmacodynamic constituents of MFH and their therapeutic mechanisms of action, and efficacious MFH-based products, for example, foods for special medical purposes or dietary supplementation.

AUTHOR CONTRIBUTIONS

MMY, TY, MY, and LS conceived the review, collected literatures, and drafted and revised the manuscript. RXG, JK, PW, YHZ, and HFZ summarized and reviewed literatures. All authors read and approved the final version of the manuscript.

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CONFLICT OF INTEREST

The authors declare no conflict of interest.

ETHICS STATEMENTS

This research did not include any human subjects and animal experiments.

ORCID

Lin Shi  <https://orcid.org/0000-0001-9709-3394>

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SUPPORTING INFORMATION

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