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A procedure for Prospective LCA in Materials Development - The Case of Carbon Fibre Composites

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Decreasing the impact of carbon fibre composites

- Carbon fibre reinforced polymers (CFRPs) consist of carbon fibres in a polymer matrix
- The material is light and strong, and can decrease e.g., fuel consumption in vehicles
- Carbon fibres are very energy intensive to produce
- How can we decrease the environmental impact of CFRPs?
 - The LIBRE project (2016-2021) aimed primarily to produce carbon fibres from lignin



How can LCA practitioners handle the lack of data in early stages of material development?

We will describe how we handled this in the LIBRE project

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Meta-analysis of LCA studies



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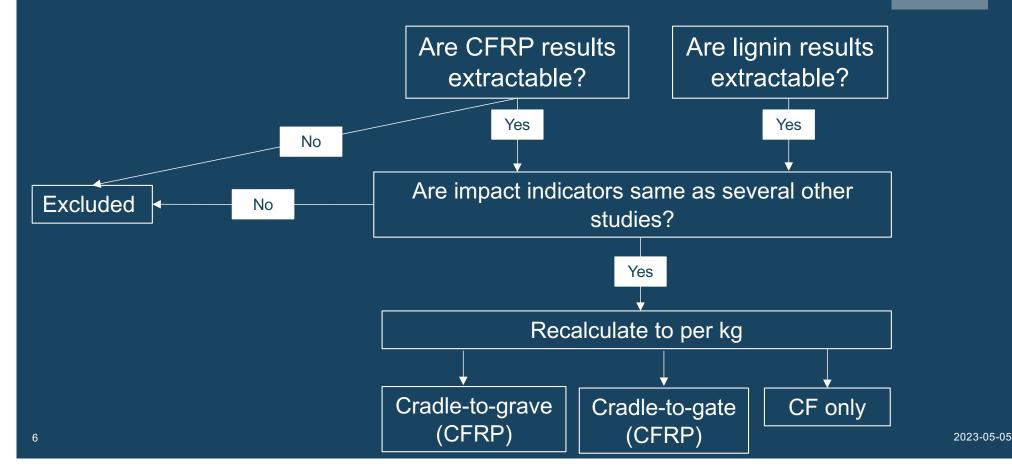


Meta-analysis of LCA studies

- Published in Hermansson et al. (2019)
- We wanted to :
 - 1. Identify hotspots in the CFRP life cycle
 - 2. Know the influence of transitioning to lignin as a raw material
 - 3. Identify other routes for decreasing the environmental impacts of CFRP
 - 4. Identify key methodological challenges

Meta-analysis of LCA studies

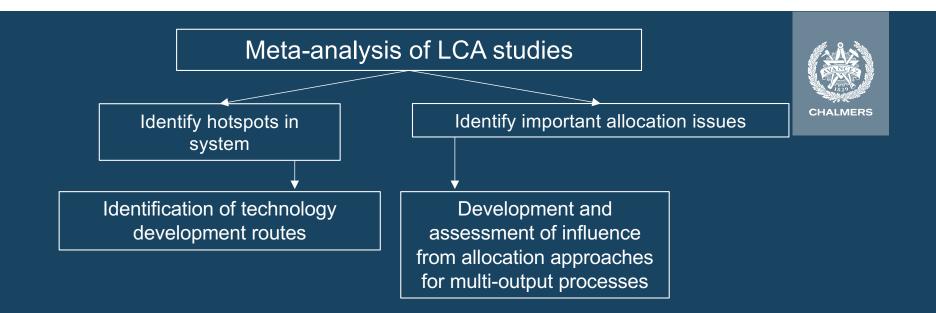






Meta-analysis of LCA studies: Results

- The use of CFRP does not automatically decrease the environmental impact of the application
- A shift to lignin could decrease the environmental impact of CFRP
- The **recycling** of the CFRP and recovery of carbon fibres is an important route
- Choice of allocation approach is important





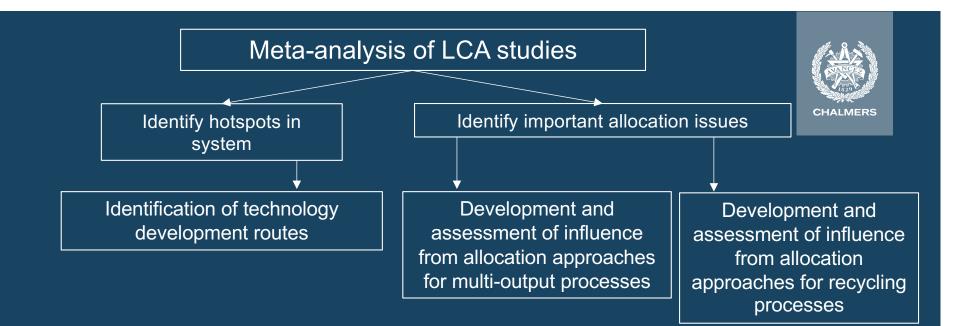
Important allocation issues – Lignin production

- Published in Hermansson et al. (2020)
- Allocation approaches were applied to a case study of a Kraft pulp mill
- Approaches were assessed based on changes in temporal settings



Important allocation issues – Lignin production: Results

- Many allocation approaches are very sensitive to the temporal settings of the study, e.g.:
 - •Economics
 - Main reason for lignin extraction





Important allocation issues -Recycling processes

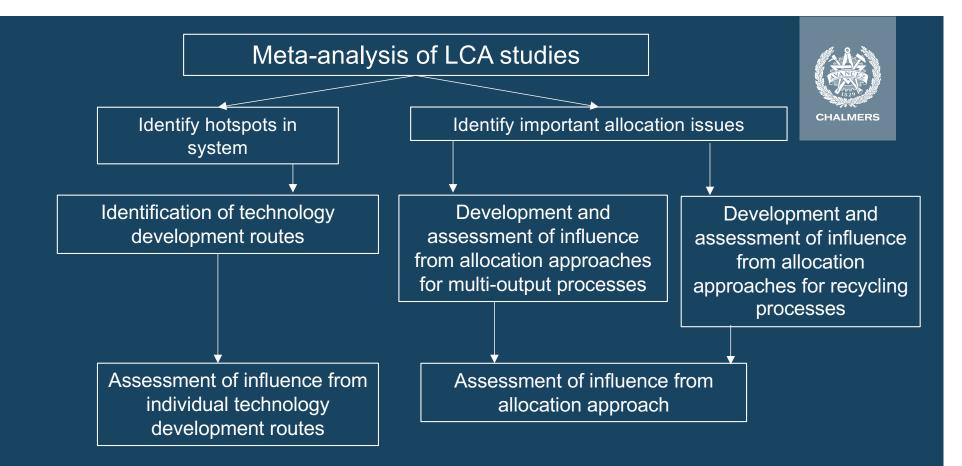
- Published in Hermansson et al. (2022 a)
- •The influence of allocation approach in recycling was assessed in a case study
 - Cut-off approach
 - End-of-life recycling approach
 - Circular footprint formula (CFF)
 - Allocation approaches redefined to capture different fates for polymers and fibres in composites



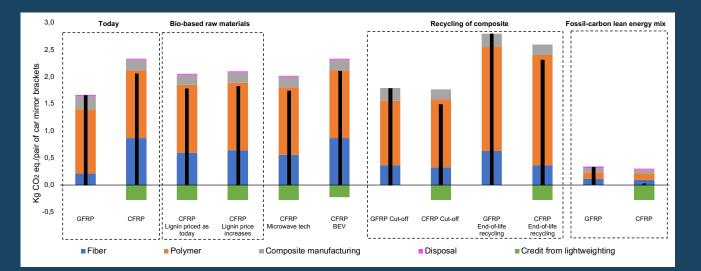
Important allocation issues -Recycling processes

• Outcome highly dependent on the inherent incentives for recycling

- Cut-off approach Use recycled materials
- End-of-life recycling approach Provide recycled materials
- CFF Use and provide recycled materials, based on market supply and demand
- The CFF can be seen as a compromise between cut-off and end-oflife recycling approach



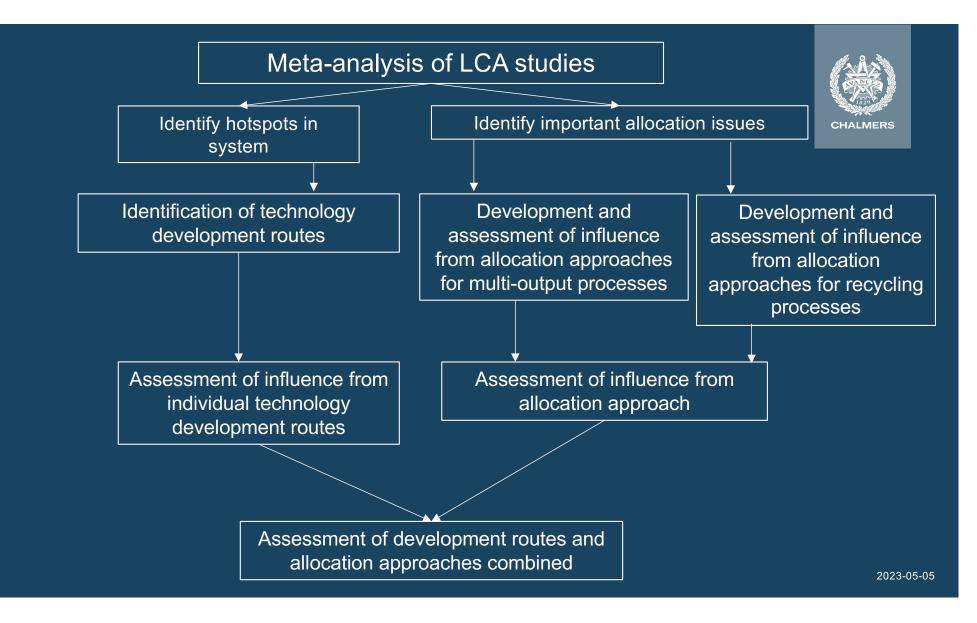
Assessment of influence from technology routes and allocation approaches



Adapted from Hermansson et al. (2022 b)

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Assessment of development routes and allocation approaches combined

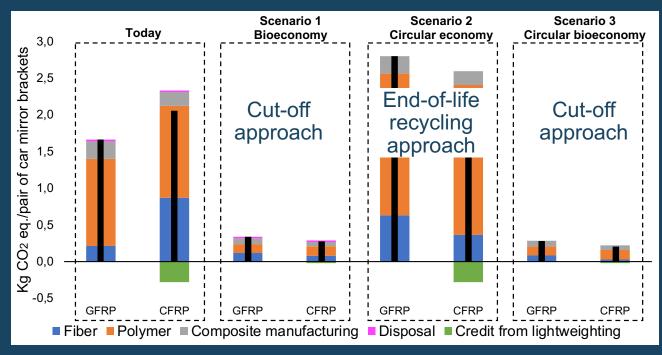


• It is likely that some development routes happen simultaneously

- Technology development routes and allocation approaches were grouped into three coherent scenarios
- Can provide guidance to technology- and policy developers

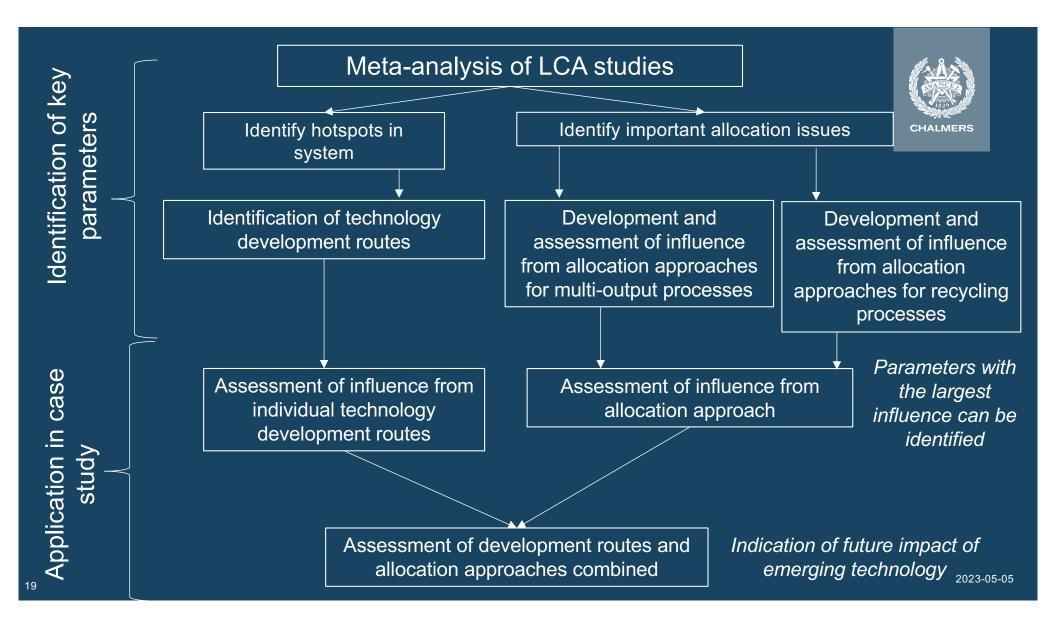
Assessment of development routes and allocation approaches combined





Adapted from Hermansson et al. (2022 b)

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Conclusions

- Meta-analysis proved useful to identify the most important parameters
- Allocation in multi-output processes should be handled carefully in pLCAs
- Both the cut-off approach and the end-of-life recycling approach should be used in prospective studies
 - Avoid using CFF in prospective studies



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