

A procedure for Prospective LCA in Materials Development - The Case of Carbon Fibre Composites



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A procedure for Prospective LCA in Materials Development - The Case of Carbon Fibre Composites

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Decreasing the impact of carbon fibre composites

- Carbon fibre reinforced polymers (CFRPs) consist of carbon fibres in a polymer matrix
- The material is light and strong, and can decrease e.g., fuel consumption in vehicles
- Carbon fibres are very energy intensive to produce
- How can we decrease the environmental impact of CFRPs?
 - The LIBRE project (2016-2021) aimed primarily to produce carbon fibres from lignin

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How can LCA practitioners handle the lack of data in early stages of material development?

We will describe how we handled this in the LIBRE project

3

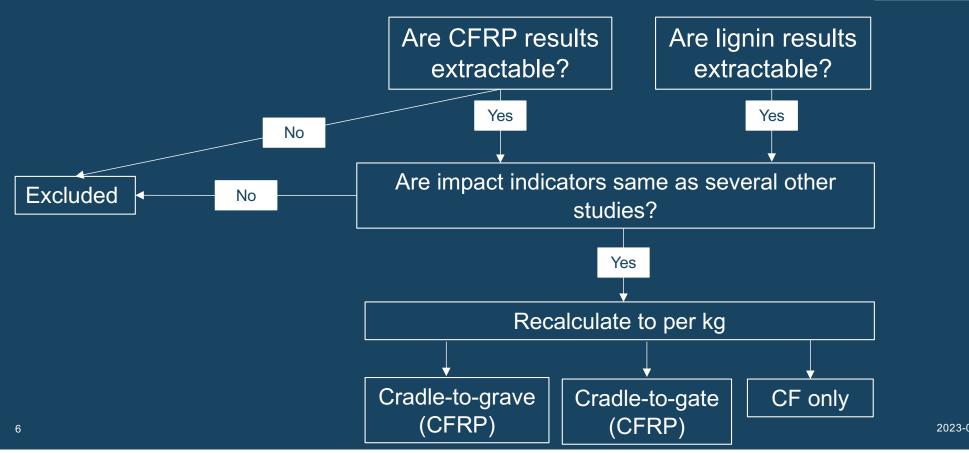




- Published in Hermansson et al. (2019)
- We wanted to :
 - 1. Identify hotspots in the CFRP life cycle
 - 2. Know the influence of transitioning to lignin as a raw material
 - 3. Identify other routes for decreasing the environmental impacts of CFRP
 - 4. Identify key methodological challenges

2023-05-05





2023-05-05



Meta-analysis of LCA studies: Results

- The use of CFRP does not automatically decrease the environmental impact of the application
- A shift to lignin could decrease the environmental impact of CFRP
- The recycling of the CFRP and recovery of carbon fibres is an important route
- Choice of allocation approach is important

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Identify hotspots in system

Identification of technology development routes

Identify important allocation issues

Development and assessment of influence from allocation approaches for multi-output processes



Important allocation issues – Lignin production

- Published in Hermansson et al. (2020)
- Allocation approaches were applied to a case study of a Kraft pulp mill
- Approaches were assessed based on changes in temporal settings



Important allocation issues – Lignin production: Results

- Many allocation approaches are very sensitive to the temporal settings of the study, e.g.:
 - Economics
 - Main reason for lignin extraction

Meta-analysis of LCA studies **CHALMERS** Identify hotspots in Identify important allocation issues system Identification of technology Development and Development and development routes assessment of influence assessment of influence from allocation approaches from allocation for multi-output processes approaches for recycling processes



Important allocation issues - Recycling processes

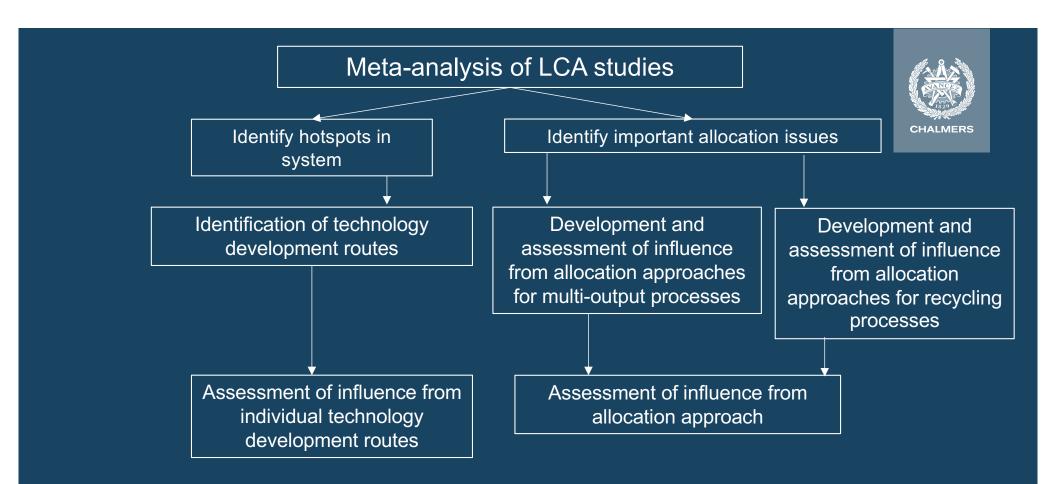
- Published in Hermansson et al. (2022 a)
- The influence of allocation approach in recycling was assessed in a case study
 - Cut-off approach
 - End-of-life recycling approach
 - Circular footprint formula (CFF)
 - Allocation approaches redefined to capture different fates for polymers and fibres in composites

12



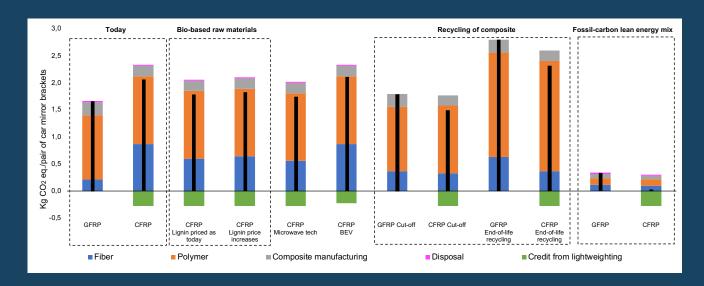
Important allocation issues - Recycling processes

- Outcome highly dependent on the inherent incentives for recycling
 - Cut-off approach Use recycled materials
 - End-of-life recycling approach Provide recycled materials
 - CFF Use and provide recycled materials, based on market supply and demand
- The CFF can be seen as a compromise between cut-off and end-of-life recycling approach



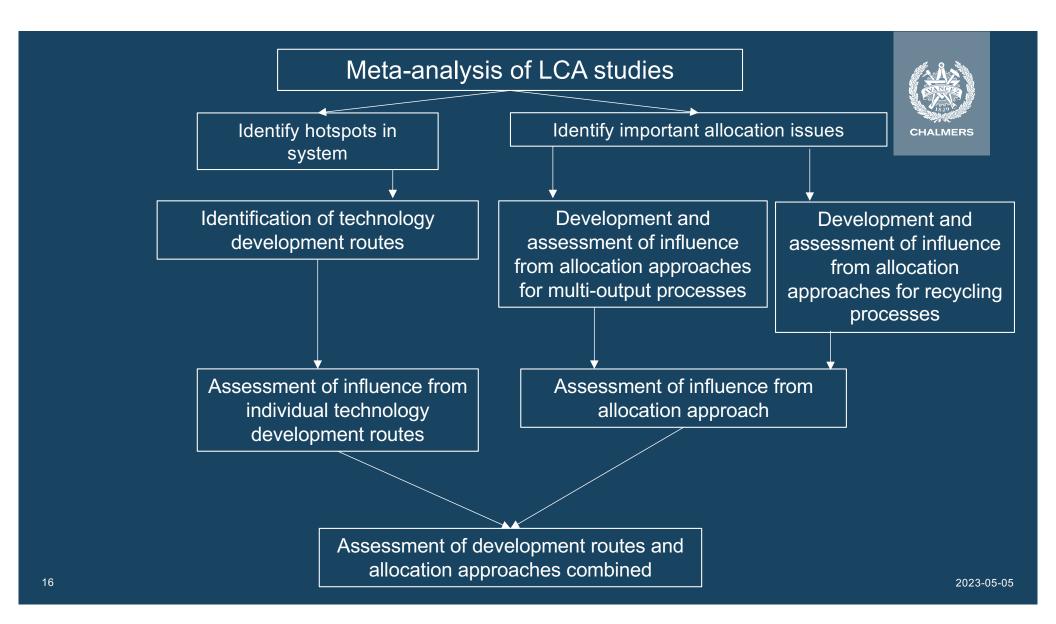






Adapted from Hermansson et al. (2022 b)

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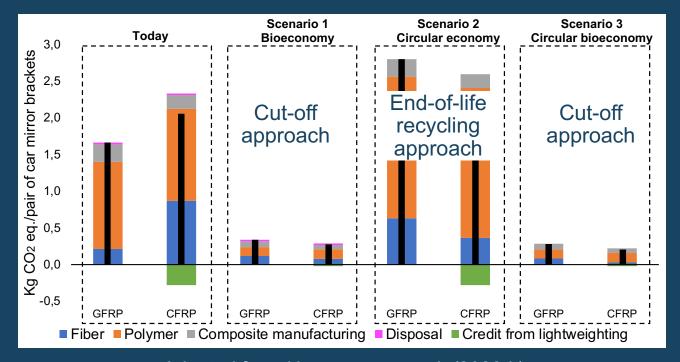
Assessment of development routes and allocation approaches combined



- It is likely that some development routes happen simultaneously
 - Technology development routes and allocation approaches were grouped into three coherent scenarios
 - Can provide guidance to technology- and policy developers

Assessment of development routes and allocation approaches combined

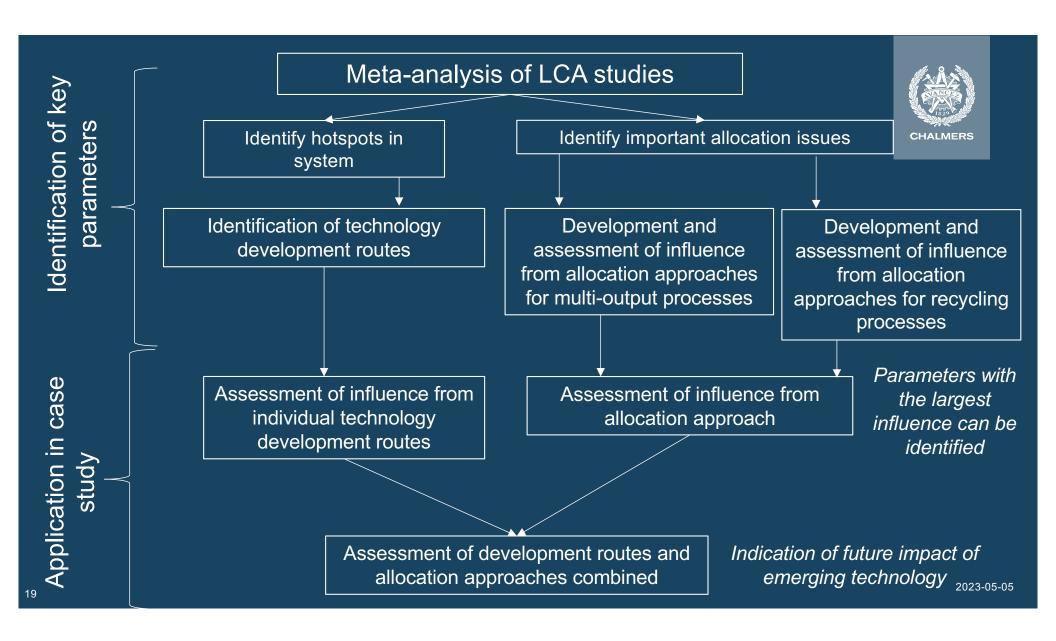




Adapted from Hermansson et al. (2022 b)

18

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Conclusions

- Meta-analysis proved useful to identify the most important parameters
- Allocation in multi-output processes should be handled carefully in pLCAs
- Both the cut-off approach and the end-of-life recycling approach should be used in prospective studies
 - Avoid using CFF in prospective studies



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