

Using Bliss symbolics to advance emergency information – results from a co-creation workshop with user experts

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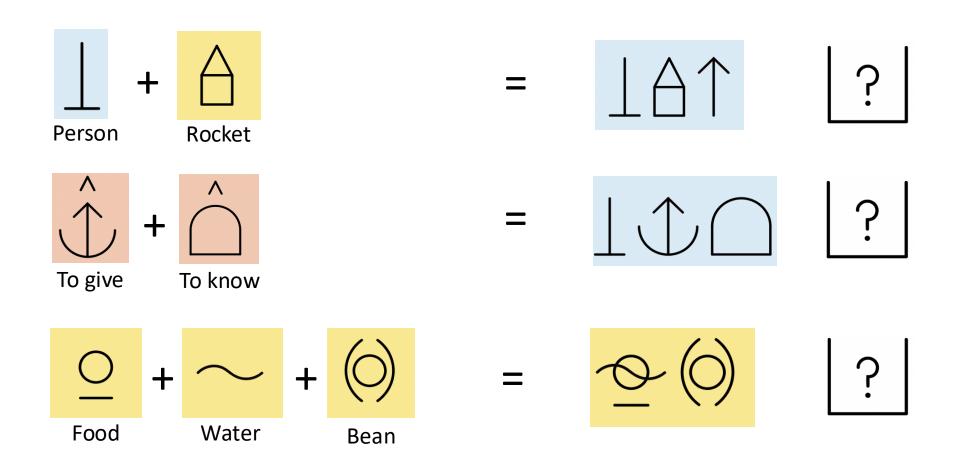
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Bliss symbolics – an international symbol-based language







From passive recipient to an active resource in the crisis management systems









Covid 19 information among people with disabilities

- difficulties finding, understanding, and following directives independently
- dependent on others to provide and augment information
- lower compliance among those with weaker support systems
- other people acted as gatekeepers
- affected by interpreters' personal attitudes



Planning ahead of a crisis

Literature on the occurrence of people with disabilities' within crisis communication work

Proxy studies: asking caregivers

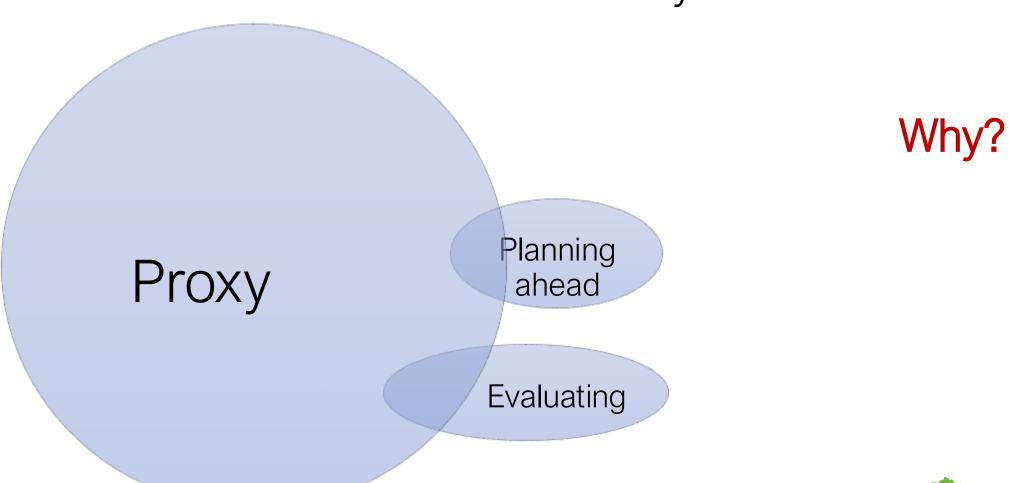
Evaluating after a crisis





...but unevenly distributed.

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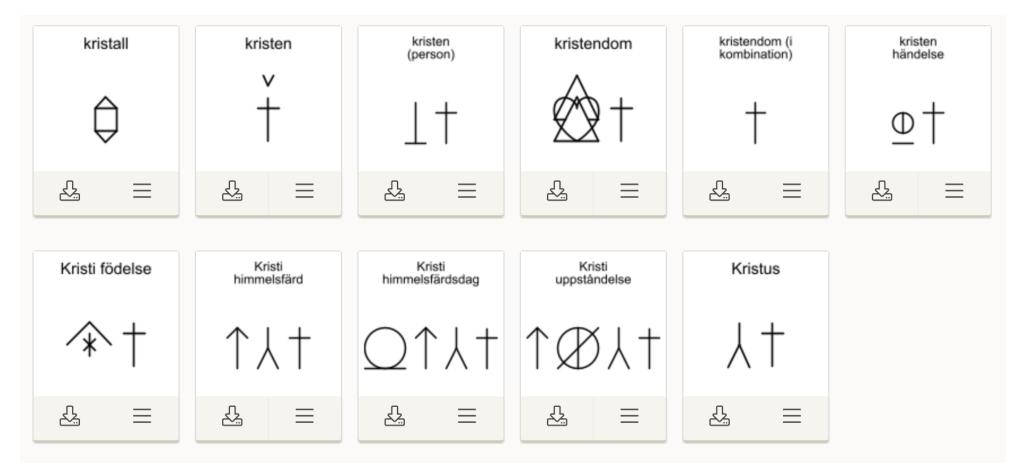


Bliss Symbolics: limitations in Swedish

- The Swedish translation from Bliss International is smaller, primarily a vocabulary put together by the Ministry of Special Education for school subjects.
- Many topics are missing, for example words relating to crisis and emergencies (other than health-related).



Vocabulary limitations: looking for crisis [kris]







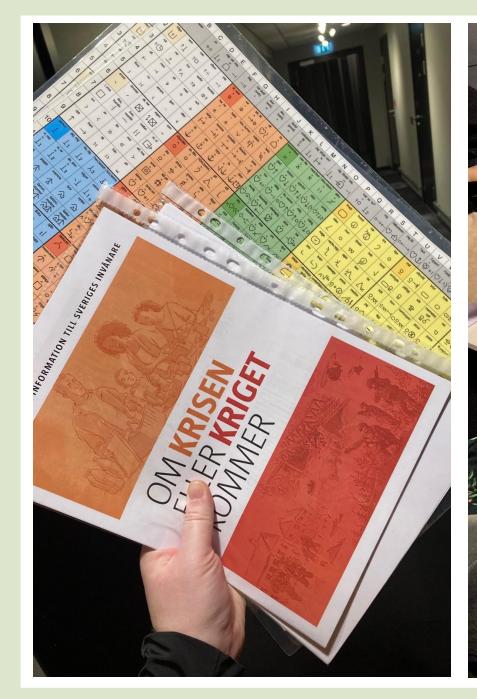
Pre-workshop with Bliss symbolics experts

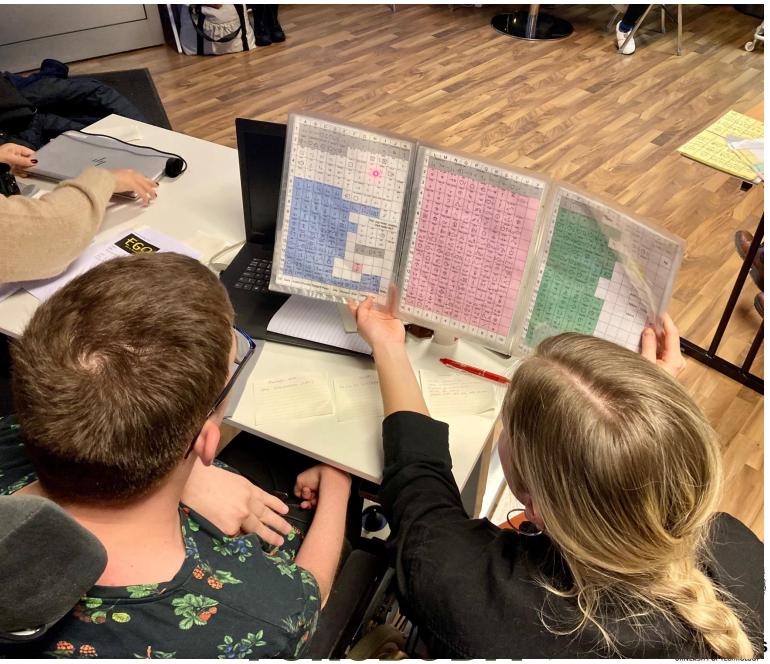
- Five expert users
- Method:
 - interactive workshop
 - talking mats a visual scale to answer and grade questions
 - Discussions with assistants, followed by group discussions.











Preliminary findings

Strengths

Fears

Ideas





Preliminary findings: strengths

Became clear during pandemic!

- Strong sense of trust: family, staff, organizations
- Strong social connection within the Bliss community
- Strong sense of mutual responsibility within disability organizations
- Tight bond with family and staff they are gatekeepers



Quotes on strengths

My whole life has been a crisis, so I am prepared.

With them [the personal assistants] we can do anything. Without them we can do nothing.

They are our family, we would never abandon them in an emergency.

One becomes set on finding a solution.





Preliminary findings: fears

- Do not trust society or service providers to know about them
- Even a small crisis could be life threatening (e.g. electricity for breathing)
- Communication requires time, knowledge, and, preferably, a personal relationship.



Preliminary findings: ideas

- Disability organizations could function as hubs of knowledge and contacts need to be invited to the big discussions!
- Not all people with severe physical disabilities receive services they risk falling through the safety net
- Keep basic AAC material at all crisis centres and meeting points



Conclusion

- Bliss communicators experience difficulties independently accessing crisis information
- Bliss symbolics as a language is infinite, but the Swedish standard vocabulary is limited and largely excludes words relating to crisis
- Bliss users can provide important input to crisis management planning but accessing their viewpoints require specific AAC skills
- Problematic to be excluded from discussions on a topic because the vocabulary to participate doesn't exist – especially when the topics discussed are a matter of life and death.



Thank you!



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